

Syllabus and Regulations

Diploma in General Nursing & Midwifery

INTRODUCTION & PHILOSOPHY

Adapted from Indian Nursing Council-

Nursing is a profession within the Health Care Sector focused on the care of individuals, families and communities so they may attain maintain or recover optimal health and quality of life.

Nurses care for individuals of all ages and all cultural backgrounds who are healthy and ill in a holistic manner based on the individuals physical, emotional, psychological, intellectual, social and spiritual needs. The profession combines physical sciences, social science and technology in caring for those individuals.

Indian Nursing Council believes in concept of Health laid down by World Health Organisation

(WHO) "Health is a state of complete physical, mental and social wellbeing and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity."

In order to provide qualitative Nursing Care there is a need to train nurses effectively to work as a team member of health care delivery system. It is therefore their training should involve positive attitudes, knowledge, skills, professional expertise, latest trends in health care and health care needs of the community and the country as awhole.

As per the definition of Virginia Avenel Henderson "The Unique function of the nurse is to assist the individual, sick or well, in the performance of those activities contributing to health or its recovery (or to peaceful death) that he would perform unaided if he had the necessary strength, will or knowledge." As per the International Council of Nurses "Nursing encompasses autonomous and collaborative care of individuals of all ages, families, groups and communities, sick or well and in all settings. Nursing includes the promotion of health, prevention of illness, and the care of ill, disables and dying people. Advocacy, promotion of a safe environment, research, participation in shaping health policy and in patient and health systems management and education are also key nursing roles."

Indian Nursing Council recognized that basic nursing education is a formally recognized programme of students providing a broad and sound foundation in the behavioural, life and nursing sciences for the practice of nursing for a leadership role and for the post basic education in specialties for advanced nursing practice. The Country believes that this basic course in nursing should prepare nurses for occupying first level positions in nursing in all kinds of health care settings. The Council recognizes that nursing is a profession which is influenced by advances in science and technology, it believes that skills in all aspects of communication are also essential learning and for the practice ofnursing.

The Council also recognizes that the nature of nursing is such that a substantial portion of learning of the study is acquired in clinical field(s) of practice. It further recognised the interdependence of nursing to allied professions and occupations in prevention of diseases, promotion, maintenance and restoration of health.

The Council believes that it has a responsibility in helping the students to develop pride in their profession besides keeping them abreast with current knowledge and professional trends for a successful career ahead.

Aims

The basic Diploma course in General Nursing and Midwifery is geared to the health needs of the individuals, family, community and the country at large.

The aims of the Diploma in General Nursing and Midwifery programme are:

- 1. To prepare nurses with a sound educational programme in nursing to enable them to functionas efficient members of the health team, beginning with the competencies for first level positions in all kinds of health caresettings.
- 2. To help nurses develop an ability to co-operate and co-ordinate with members of the health team in the prevention of disease, promotion of health and rehabilitation of thesick.
- 3. To help nurses in their personal and professional development, so that they are able to make maximum contribution to the society as useful and productive individuals, citizens as well as efficient nurses.
- 4. To serve as a base for further professional education and specialization innursing.
- 5. To prepare nurses to keep pace with latest professional and technological developments and use these for providing nursing careservice.

OBJECTIVES

The nurse on completion of this course will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate competency in providing health care to individual, sick or well, using nursingprocess.
 - Assess the nursing need of clients from birth ofdeath.
 - Plan and carry out appropriate action to meet nursingneeds.
 - Provide effective nursing care for maintain best possible level of health in allaspects.
 - Promote self care in people under their care.
 - Apply problem solving techniques in nursingpractice.
 - Evaluate effectiveness of nursingcare.
 - Apply problem solving techniques in nursingpractice.
 - Evaluate effectiveness of nursingcare.
- 2. Apply knowledge from the humanities, biological and behavioral sciences in functioning as anurse.
- 3. Function effectively with members of the health team and community applying the knowledge of human relations and communication skills in herwork.
- 4. Participate as member of the health team in delivery of curative preventive, promotive and rehabilitative health careservice.
- 5. Mobilize community resources and their involvement in working with the communities.
- 6. Demonstrate use of ethical values in their personal and professionallife.
- 7. Demonstrate interest in activities of professionalorganization.
- 8. Recognize the need for continuing education for professionaldevelopment.
- 9. Demonstrate basic skills in teaching patients and giving nursing care tothem.
- 10. Demonstrate basic skills in administration and leadership while working with other members of health team and community.
- 11. Assist in researchactivities.

ADMISSION TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 1. Minimum education eligibility criteria for admission toGNM:
 - 10+2 with English and must have obtained a minimum of 40% at the qualifying examination and English individually from any recognized board. Candidates are also eligible from State Open School recognized by State Government and National Institute of Open School (NIOS) recognized by Central Government. However Science is preferable.
 - 10+2 with English having 40% of marks in vocational ANM course from the school recognized by Indian NursingCouncil
 - 10+2 with English having 40% of marks in Vocational Stream-Health care Science from a recognized CBSEboard/State/Centre
 - Registered ANM with passmark.

For foreign nationals

- The entry qualification equivalency i.e., 12th standard will be obtained by Association of Indian Universities, New Delhi. Institution, State Nursing Council will be responsible to ensure that the qualification and eligibility will be equivalent to what has been prescribed asabove
- 2. Reservation
 - a) For disabled candidates: 3% Disability reservation to be considered with a disability of locomotor to the tune of 40% to 50% of the lower extremity and other eligibility criteria with regard to age and qualification will be same as prescribed for each nursing programme.

Note: A committee to be formed consisting of medical officer authorized by medical board of state government and a nursing expert in the panel which may decide whether the candidates have the disability of locomotor of 40% to 50%.

- b) 5% of total marks is relaxed for SC/STcandidates
- c) Any other reservation as per the StateGovt.

Note: Reservation shall be applicable within the sanctioned number of the seats by INC and not above it.

- 3. Admission of students shall be once in ayear.
- 4. Students shall be medicallyfit.
- 5. Minimum age for admission will be 17 years. (as on 31st December of that year) The upper age limit is 35 yrs. For ANM/ for LHV, there is no agebar.

Admission / Selection Committee

This committee should comprise of:

- Principal

Chairperson

- Vice-Principal

- Senior Tutor
- Chief Nursing Officer or NursingSuperintendent

ADMISSION STRENGTH

Admission / Intake of candidates shall be as per sanctioned strength permitted by INC.

ANTI RAGGING

- 1. Notice/Circular for prohibition of Ragging shall be availableon
 - NoticeBoards
 - AdmissionBrochure/Prospectus
- 2. Display Posters/Charts on Prohibition of Ragging in commonplaces.
- 3. Constitute:-
 - Anti-raggingcommittee with name designation & Telephoneno.
 Anti- raggingsquad
- 4. Leaflet given to fresher's students to detail out the telephone no. mentioned to whom to approach in case of ragging including Anti ragging committee/squad addresses and telephonenumbers.
- 5. Constituting a mentoring cell consisting of students volunteering to be mentors for fresher's (one mentor of six fresher's and one mentor of a higher level for six mentors of the lowerlevel.)
- 6. Online Affidavit (1) by the student (2) by the parent shall be taken as per the UGC notification from time totime.
- 7. Display at multiple places- notices, common rooms, canteens, classrooms, library, toilets, corridors etc. Anti-ragging help line forstudents.
- 8. Complaint box placed at places accessible tostudents.

CURRICULUM

Duration	
Course duration	= 3 Years
WeeksAvailable	= 52 weeks
Vacation	= 4weeks
Examination(includingpreparatory)	= 2weeks
Availableweeks	= 46 weeks
Hoursperweek	= 40hours
Hours available per academic year (1st &2ndYear)	= 1840 (46 wks × 40 hours) X 2=3680
Hours available for 3rd Year(PartI)	= 960 (24 wks × 40hours)
Internship(PartII) $ \begin{cases} 3^{rd} Year & 2 weeks' vacation \\ & 2 weeks Examination \end{cases} $	= 1248 (26 wks × 48hours)
Total	= 5888hours

Course of Instruction

FIRST YEAR

Subjects	Theory (hours)	Practical	l (hours)
Bio Sciences	120		
- Anatomy & Physiology.	90		
- Microbiology	30		
Behavioral Sciences	60		
- Psychology	40		
- Sociology	20		
Nursing Foundations	210	200 (lab)	680(clinic)
- Fundamentals ofNursing.	190	(22	1)
- Firstaid	20	(22 w	eeks)
Community Health Nursing	180		
- CHN-I	80	3. 8 we	20 eeks
- EnvironmentalHygiene	30	יי רך	
- Health Education & Communication Skills	40	7 }	
- Nutrition	30	J	

Subjects	Theory (hours) Practical (hours			
English	30	-		
Computer Education	15	15		
Co-curricular activities	10	-		
	625 (16 wks)	1215 (30 wks)		
TOTAL	18	340		

SECOND YEAR

Subjects	Theory (hours)	Practical (hours)	
Medical Surgical Nursing-I	120		
Medical Surgical Nursing -II	120	800 (20 wks)	
Mental Health Nursing	70	320 (8wks)	
Child Health Nursing	70	320 (8wks)	
Co-curricular activities	20	-	
	400 (10 weeks)	1440 (36 weeks)	
TOTAL	101AL 1840		

THIRD YEAR Part-I

Subjects	Theory (hours)	Practice (hours)	
Midwifery &Gynaecological Nursing	140	560 (14 wks)	
Community Health Nursing-II	90	160 (4 wks)	
Co-curricular	10	-	
mometr	240 hours (6 weeks)	720 hours (18 weeks)	
TOTAL	960		

THIRD YEAR Part-II (Integrated supervised Internship)

Theory Subjects	Theory (hours)
Nursing Education	20
Introduction to Research and statistics	30
Professional Trends & Adjustments.	30
Nursing Administration & Ward Management	40
TOTAL	120 (2 weeks)
Clinical Areas	Clinical Hours/ weeks *
Medical Surgical Nursing	288(6 wks)
Community Health Nursing	288(6 wks)
Child Health Nursing	96(2 wks)
Midwifery and Gynaecological Nursing	384(8 wks)
Mental Health Nursing	96(2 wks)
TOTAL	1152 (24 weeks)

Night duty should be given in clinical area(s) in rotation

*43 hours per week for clinical and 5 hours per week for theory.

The students posted in the clinical areas should be accompanied by teaching faculty of the school.

The same practice must be followed when student are posted for requisite clinical experience to affiliated Hospital/Agency /Institution.

The Nursing teachers must actively participate in supervising, guiding and evaluating students in the hospital wards, health centers and in the community.

1:10 teacher student ratio to be maintained during the supervised clinical practice

SUMMARY OF TOTAL CLINICAL EXPERIENCE

Area	1stYear	2nd Year	3rd Year –I	3rd Year –II (Internship)
Nursing Foundation	880 (22)	-	-	-
Community Health Nursing	320 (8)	-	160 (4)	288 (6)
Medical Surgical Nursing	-	800 (20)	-	288 (6)
Mental Health Nursing	-	320 (8)	-	96 (2)
Child Health Nursing	-	320-(8)	-	96 (2)
Midwifery and Gynaecological Nursing	-	-	560 (14)	384 (8)
Total	1200	1440	720	1152

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

FIRST YEAR

Paper	Subjects	Total Marks	Internal Assessment	Council/ Board examination	Weightage	Duration of Examination (Hrs.)
I.	Bio Sciences	100	25	75		3
	- Anatomy & Physiology.				65%	
	- Microbiology				35%	

Paper	Subjects	Total Marks	Internal Assessment	Council/ Board examination	Weightage	Duration of Examination (Hrs.)
II.	Behavioral Sciences	100	25	75		3
	- Psychology				65%	
	- Sociology				35%	
III.	Foundation of Nursing - Fundamental ofNursing	100	25	75		3
	- Firstaid					

IV.	Community Health Nursing	100	25	75		3
	- CHN-I				50%	
	- EnvironmentalHygiene				10%	
	- Health education &				25%	
	CommunicationSkills					
	- Nutrition				15%	
	Practical – I	100	50	50		-
	Fundamental of Nursing					

SECOND YEAR

Paper	Subjects	Total Marks	Internal Assessment	Council/ Board examination	Duration of Examination (Hrs.)
I.	Medical Surgical Nursing-I	100	25	75	3
II.	Medical Surgical Nursing –II	100	25	75	3
III.	Mental Health Nursing	100	25	75	3
IV.	Child Health Nursing	100	25	75	3
	Practical – I Medical Surgical Nursing	100	50	50	-
	Practical-II Child Health Nursing	100	50	50	
	Practical-III* Mental Health Nursing	100	50	50*	

Note: * (only school examination, no council/boardexam)

*Practical examination for psychiatric nursing is to be conducted at the place of clinical experience at the end of clinical instruction by school, itself and marks shall be sent to the council/board.

THIRD YEAR Part-I*

Paper	Subjects	Total Marks	Internal Assessment	Council/ Board examination	Duration of Examination (Hrs.)
I.	Midwifery & Gynecological Nursing	100	25	75	3
II.	Community Health Nursing-II	100	25	75	3
	Practical I Midwifery	100	50	50	
	Practical – II Community Health Nursing	100	50	50	

*Examination for Part-I will be conducted at the end of Third Year

THIRD YEAR Part-II (School Examination)

Paper	Subjects	Total Marks	Term Assessment	School Exam	Duration of Examination (Hrs.)
I.	Nursing Education and Introduction to Research and statistics	100	50	50	3
II.	Professional Trends & Adjustment, Nursing administration and Ward Management	100	50	50	3

Examination guidelines

- 1. Shall have one regular examination followed by supplementary examination in ayear.
- 2. If a candidate fail they can be permitted to nextyear
- 3. A candidate can take any number of attempts with a condition that maximum period allowed is 6 years. However all previous papers need to be cleared before appearing in the finalexamination
- 4. No institution shall submit student average internal marks more than 75% i.e., if 40 students are admitted in a course than the average score of the 40 students shall not exceed75%.

Example of 5 students: A=25, B=20, C=22, D=21, E=24

Average score=89.6%

This will not be accepted by the State Nursing Registration Council

- 5. Minimum pass marks should be 50% in each of the Theory and practical paperseparately.
- 6. Minimum pass marks shall be 40% for English only.
- 7. Theory and Practical exams for Introduction to Computer to be conducted as School exam and marks to be send to the SNRC/ Board for inclusion in the marksheet.
- 8. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of thepaper.
- 9. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical)

- 10. Maximum number of candidates for practical examination should not exceed 20 perdays.
- 11. All practical examination must be held in the respective clinicalareas.
- 12. One internal and one external examiner should jointly conduct practical examination for each student.

Eligibility for Admission to Examination

A candidate shall be eligible for the admission to the state Council / Board examination if the Principle of the

school certificate that:

- (a) She / he has completed not less than eleven months of thecourse
- (b) A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing forexamination.

The diploma shall not be awarded to the student till she / he has completed the clinical / field requirements.

- (c) A Candidate must secure 50% marks in internal assessment separately in each theory and practical.
- (d) The record of practical experience is complete.

(The Principal shall send to the Council / board the internal assessment for each subject, i.e. both theory and practical (S) before the start of the examination along with the examination form).

GRADING OF EXAMINATION

Examination shall be graded on aggregate marks of the entire three years of the training programme, as follows:

Distinction	-	80% and above
FirstDivision	-	70% to79%
SecondDivision	-	60% to69%
Pass	-	50% to59%

THEORY EXAMINATION

- 1. Nursing teacher with minimum five years of teaching experience (recent) in a particular subject may be appointed as paper setters and examiners for that particular subjectonly.
- 2. Question paper should have a combination of essay, short answer and objective type question as detailed in the content
- 3. All units of a subject and sub-subject should be given due weightage in accordance with the instructional hoursprescribed.

PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

- 1. Practical examination is to be conducted in the respective clinicalarea.
- 2. Nursing teacher with minimum of five years of teaching/clinical teaching experience in a particular subject/clinical area may be appointed as practicalexaminer.

MAINTAINENCE OF PRACTICAL RECORD

The student shall be required to maintain the Practical record book and report of observation visits and diary for assessment must also be used. Marks shall be allotted for each of the following:

- a) Case study
- b) Case presentation
- c) Nursing care plan
- d) Maintenance of record books (Procedure Book and Midwifery Recordbook).
- e) Daily diary.
- f) Area wise clinical assessment is to be carried out. Minimum two assessments are required in each clinicalarea.

Regular record of theory and practical is to be maintained. Task oriented assessment is to be undertaken. Assessment shall be maintained by teacher for each student each month. This can be checked by the Council/ Board. Principal to sign all the records of examination. It should be displayed on the notice board for the information of the students.

Each student is required to maintain the record of following assignment in clinical areas in each year:

First Year

a)	Nursingcareplan	- 4 in medical / surgicalwards.
b)	DailyDiary	- 1 each in urban and rural communityfield.
c)	Health–Talk	-1 each in Urban and rural community field.
	FamilyStudyincluding	-1 each in Urban and rural community field.
	Health assessmentofan	-1 each in Urban and rural community field.
	Individual in thefamily	
	Communityprofile	- 1 each in Urban and rural communityfield.

Second Year

(a) MedicalWard

Nursing Care Plan	-	2
Case Study	-	1
Case Presentation	-	1
Drug Study	-	1
(b) SurgicalWard		

NursingCarePlan -2

Case Study	-	1
Case Presentation	-	1
Drug Study	-	1
(c) Psychiatry Ward		
Nursing Care Plan	-	1
Case Study	-	1
Case Presentation	-	1
Drug Study	-	1
Process Recording	-	2
Mental Status examination	-	4
(d) Pediatric Ward		
Nursing Care Plan	-	2
Case Study	-	1
Case Presentation	-	1
Drug Study	-	1
Observation Report (New born)	-	2
Third Year		
(a) Midwifery and Gynaecological	ward.	
NursingCarePlan	-	2+1
CaseStudy	-	1+1
CasePresentation	-	1+1
DrugStudy	-	1+1
(b) DailyDiary	Urbai	n & Rural Con

b) DailyDiaryUrban & Rural CommunityfieldHealthTalk-2 eachFamily Health Nursing carePlan- 2eachGroupProject-1 each

In addition to above, each student shall maintain a procedure book and midwifery case book signed by concerned / supervisor and Principle which is to be presented to examiner each year.

The above assignments are to be evaluated by concerned teachers for the purpose of internal assessment and shall be presented to the external examiner in a compiled form and it should be duly signed by her and should be stamped as cancelled after practical examination.

CURRICULUM

BIO-SCIENCE

Placement-FIRSTYEAR

Time: Theory- 120hours Anatomy and Physiology-90hours Microbiology- 30hours

ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY

Course Description

This course is designed to help students gain knowledge of the structure and function of the human body and recognize any deviation from normal health in order to render effective nursing services.

General Objective

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to:

- 1. Describe in general the structure and functions of the humanbody.
- 2. Describe in detail the structure and functions of the different organs and systems in the humanbody.
- 3. Apply the anatomical and physiological principles in the practice ofnursing.

Unit No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
I	Define and spell various anatomical terms.	 Introduction to anatomical terms organization of the human body a) Anatomicalterms b) Systems and cavities of thehuman body 	4	Lecture cum Discussions. Explain using charts Record book	Short answer questions Objective type
II.	Describe different organs of the body, systemic function and their inter-relationship.	 Introduction to the detailed structure of the body a) The cell: Structure,reproduction and function b) Tissues including membranes and glands : types, structure and functions c) Body cavities and their contents 	6	Lecture cum Discussions. Explain using microscopic slides, Skeleton and torso	Short answer questions Objective type
III	Describe the composition of blood and its functions.	 Blood a) Composition and formation of blood b) Functions of blood c) Blood clotting, blood grouping and crossmatching d) Blood products and their use. 	6	Lecture cum Discussions. Explain using microscopic slides	Short answer questions Objective type Essay type

Unit No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
				Demonstration of blood grouping and cross- matching, Hb estimation	
IV.	Describe the structure and functions ofheart and bloodvessels	 The Circulatory System a) Heart : Structure, functions including conduction system and cardiaccycle b) Blood vessels : Types, Structure andposition c) Circulation ofblood d) Blood pressure andpulse 	6	Lecture cum discussions. Explain using charts, models and specimen	Short answer questions Objective type Essay type
V.	Describe structure and functions of lymphatic system	 The Lymphatic system Structure and function of lymph vessels, Lymph nodes and lymph circulation, lymphatic tissuespleen and thymus 	6	Lecture cum discussions. Explain using charts and models	Short answer Objective type Essay type
VI.	Describe the structure and functions of respiratory system	 The Respiratory system a) The structure and functions of respiratoryorgans b) The physiology of respiration c) Characteristics of normal respiration and deviation. 	6	Lecture cum discussions. Explain usingcharts andmodels, specimens Demonstration of spirometry	Short answer Objective type Essay type
VII.	Describe the structure and function of digestive system	 The Digestive system a) Structure and functions of the alimentary tract and is accessory organs. b) The process of digestion, absorption and metabolism offood constituents. 	6	Lecture cum discussions. Explain using charts, models and videos	Short answer Objective type Essay type
VIII.	Describe the structure and functions of organs of Excretory system.	 The Excretorysystem a) Structure and functions of the kidney, ureters, urinarybladder, andurethra b) Formation and compositionof urine. c) Fluid and electrolytebalance d) Structure and functions of theskin. e) Regulation of thebody temperature. 	6	Lecture cum discussions. Explain using charts, slides models and videos	Short answer Objective type Essay type

Unit No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
IX.	Describe the structure and functions of endocrine glands.	 The Endocrine system The structure and functions of the pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid and adrenal glands, pancreas (islets of Langerhans), ovaries and testes 	6	Lecture cum discussions. Explain using charts and models	Short answer Objective type Essay type
X.	Describe the structure and functions of male and female reproductive system and accessory organs	 The Reproductive system a) Structure and functions of the female reproductive system b) Process of menstrual cycle, reproduction and menopause c) Structure and functions of breasts d) Structure and functions of themale reproductive system e) Reproductive health 	8	Lecture cum discussions. Explain using charts, videos, models and specimens	Short answer Objective type Essay type
XI.	Describe the structure and functions of Nervous system.	 The nervous system a) Types of nerves- structure and functions b) Brain and cranialnerves. c) Spinal cord and motor and sensory pathways of thespinal cord, autonomic nervous system. 	10	Lecture cum discussions. Explain using charts and models	Short answer Objective type Essay type
XII.	Describe the structure and function of sensory organs	 The sense organs a) Skin, eye, ear, nose andtongue b) Physiology of vision, hearing, smell, touch, taste and equilibrium. 	6	Lecture cum discussions. Explain using charts, videos and models	Short answer Objective type Essay type
XIII.	Describe the structureand functionsof skeletal system.	 The Skeleton a) Formation and growth ofbones b) Tendons, ligaments andcartilages c) Classification of bones, joints d) Jointmovement e) Axial and appendicular skeleton 	8	Lecture cum discussions. Explain using charts, models andskeleton	Short answer Objective type Essay type
XIV	Describe structure and functions of Muscular system.	 The MuscularSystem a) Type, structure and functions of muscle b) Origin, Insertion, and action of muscles 	6	Lecture cum discussions. Explain using charts, slides and models	Short answer Objective type Essay type

MICROBIOLOGY

CourseDescription

This course is designed to help students gain knowledge and understanding of the characteristics and activities of micro- organisms, how they react under different conditions and how they cause different disorders and diseases. Knowledge of these principles will enable student to understand and adopt practices associated with preventive and promotive health care.

General Objectives

Upon completion of the course, the students shall be able to:

- 1. Describe the classifications and characteristics ofmicro-organisms
- 2. List the common disease producingmicro-organisms
- 3. Explain the activities of micro-organism in relation to the environment and the humanbody.
- 4. Enumerate the basic principles of control and destruction ofmicro-organisms.
- 5. Apply the principles of microbiology in nursing practice.

Total	Hours	- 30
-------	-------	------

Unit. No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
Ι	Describe evolution of microbiology and its relevance in nursing.	Introductiona) History of bacteriology and microbiology.b) Scope of microbiology inNursing	3	Lecture cum discussions.	Objective type Short answers
II	Classify the different types of micro organism. Describe the normal floraandthecommon diseases caused by pathogensExplain the methods to study microbes	 Micro Organisms a) Classification, characteristics, (Structure, size, method and rate of reproduction) b) Normal flora of thebody. c) Pathogenesis & commondiseases. d) Methods for study of microbes, culture & isolation ofmicrobes. 	8	Lecture cum discussions. Explain using slides, films, videos, exhibits, models Staining and fixation of slides.	Short answer Objective type Essay type
III	Describe the sources of infection and growth of microbes. Explain the transmission of infection and the principles incollecting specimens	 Infection and its transmission a) Sources and types of infection, nosocomialinfection. b) Factors affecting growth of microbes. c) Cycle of transmission ofinfection portals of entry, exit, modes of transfer. d) Reaction of body toinfection, mechanism ofresistance. e) Collection ofspecimens. 	4	Lecture Demonstrations Specimens Explain using charts	Short answer Objective type Essay type

IV	Describe various types of immunity, hypersensitivity autoimmunity and immunizing agents	 Immunity a) Types of immunity – innate and acquired. b) Immunization schedule. Immunoprophylaxis (vaccines, sera etc.) c) Hypersensitivity andautoimmunity. d) Principles and uses ofserological tests 	5	Lecture cum discussions. Demonstration Exhibits	Short answer Objective type Essay type
V	Describe the various methods of control and destruction of microbes	Control and destruction of Microbes a) Principles and methods of microbial control -Sterilization -Disinfection -Chemotherapy and antibiotics -Pasteurization b) Medical and surgicalasepsis c) Bio-safety and wastemanagement	5	Lecture, Demonstration Videos Visit to the CSSD	Short answer Objective type Essay type
VI.	Demonstrate skill in handling & care of microscopes Identify common microbes under the microscope	 Practical Microbiology a) Microscope – Parts, uses, handling and care ofmicroscope b) Observation of stainingprocedure, preparation and examination of slides andsmears c) Identification ofcommon microbes under the microscopefor morphology of differentmicrobes. 	5	Lecture, Demonstrations Specimens Slides	

BEHAVIOURAL SCIENCES

Placement-FISRTYEAR

Time- 60Hours

Psychology- 40hours Sociology- 20hours

PSYCHOLOGY

Course Description

This course is designed to help students understand the dynamics of human behavior and concept of mental health. This shall enable them to develop positive attitude and good inter – personal relationships in the practice of nursing in all health care settings.

General Objectives

Upon completion of the course, the students shall be able to:

- 1. Describe the concept of mental health and psychology.
- 2. Explain the dynamics of human behavior, personality andlearning.
- 3. Discuss the role of adjustment mechanisms and emotions in health andillness.
- 4. Demonstrate skills in the application of principle of psychology in nursing practice in all kind of health caresettings.

Unit. No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
I	State the concept, scope and importance of psychology.	 Introduction a) Definition, nature and scopeof psychology b) Importance of psychology forNurses 	2	Lecture cum discussion.	Short answer Objective type
II.	Describe the structure of the mind.	Structure of the mind a) Conscious,pre-conscious b) Id, ego and superego	2	Lecture cum discussions.	Short answer Objective type
III.	Illustrate the dynamics of human behavior. Describe the concept of mental health	 Psychology of Human Behavior a) Basic human needs, dynamics of behavior, motivationdrives b) Body mind relationship, mental health, characteristics of mentally healthy person, emotional control, psychological problems of patients andrelatives. 	12	Lecture cum discussions. Role play	Short answer Objective type Essay type

Unit. No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
		 c) Stressandconflicts, naturalsourcesand typesofstressandconflicts, dealingwith stressandconflict, frustration—sources and overcomingfrustration d) Mental mechanism their uses and importance e) Attitudes - meaning, development changes in attitude, effects of attitudes on behavior, importance of positive attitude for thenurse. f) Habits-meaning andformation. g) Breaking of bad habits, importanceof good habit formation for the nurse. 			
IV	Describe and apply the process of learning, thinking, reasoning, observation and perception	 Learning a) Nature, types and laws oflearning, b) Factors affecting learning, memoryand forgetting. Thinking and Reasoning Nature and types of thinking, reasoning, problem solving, importance ofcreative thinking fornurse. Observation and Perception Attention, perception, laws of perception, factors affecting attention andperception, and errors in perception 	13	Lecture cum discussions. Roleplay	Short answer Objective type Essay type
V.	Discuss the concept and development of personality.	 Personality a) Meaning, nature and development,types ofpersonality b) Assessment of personality importance of knowledge of personality for thenurse. c) Characteristics of various age groups – child adolescent, adult andaged d) Will andcharacter. 	6	Lecture cum discussions. Role play Psychometric assessment	Short answer Objective type Essay type
VI.	Discuss the nature and measurement of intelligence.	 Intelligence a) Definition, Meaning, individual differences in intelligence b) Mental ability, nature of intelligenceand development c) Assessment of intelligence 	5	Lecture cum discussions. Demonstration Role play IQ testing	Short answer Objective type Essay type

SOCIOLOGY

Course Description

This course is designed to help student gain an understanding of sociology in the context of its relevance to nursing practice.

General Objectives

Upon completion of the course, the students shall be able to:

- 1. Describe the concept of the family as a social unit and the status of the individual in thefamily.
- 2. Explain the dynamics of society and identify common socialproblems.
- 3. Demonstrate ability to understand the socio cultural and economic aspects of the community in the light of their effects on health andillness.
- 4. Utilize the knowledge and understanding of sociology in nursingpractice.

Unit No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Method of assessment
Ι	Describe the nature, scope &content of sociologyand its importance in nursing	Introductiona) Definition and scope ofsociologyb) Its relationship with other socialsciencesc) Uses of sociology for nurses.	2	Lecture cum discussions	Short answer Objective type
Ш	Describe the influence of the environment on individual development and the rights and responsibilities of the individual in the society	 Individual a) Review of human growth and development b) The socializationprocess c) Effect of environment on human growth anddevelopment d) Rights and responsibilities of the individual in a democraticsociety. 	2	Lecture cum discussions	Short answer Objective type Essay type
III	Describe the concept of family as a social unit	 The Family a) Definition, characteristics and typesof family. b) Family cycle and basic needs offamily c) Importance of interdependence of family members. d) Important functions of family andtheir problems. e) Types of Marriage, medical andsociology aspects of marriage. 	4	Lecture cum discussions	Short answer Objective type Essay type
Unit No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Method of assessment
IV	Describe about social groups, social change, control, stratification and social problems	 Society a) Definition andmeaning. b) Social groups - Types, Structure, intergroup relationship group cycle, group behavior and groupmorale. c) Social change -Meaning, factors affecting 	8	Lecture cum discussions Visits to social institutions	Short answer Objective type Essay type

		 and effect on society and institution leading to social problems. d) Socialcontrol e) Socialstratification f) Social problems-Prostitution,crime divorce, dowry system, juvenile delinquency, drug addiction alcoholism, handicapped, over population and slum g) Social agencies and remedial measures 			
V	Describe the culture and characteristics of community	The Community a) Community - Definition and types - Rural and urban b) Culture and characteristics	4	Lecture cum discussions	Short answer Objective type Essay type

NURSING FOUNDATIONS

Placement-FIRSTYEAR

Time- 210hours

Fundamentals of Nursing- 190 hours First- Aid- 20 hours

FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSINGS

Course Description

This course is designed to help students develop an ability to meet the basic health need of the patients with regard to nursing care and develop skill in the competencies required for rendering effective patient care.

General Objectives

Upon completion of the course, the students shall be able to:

- 1 Describe the physical, mental and social adjustment required of a sick individual and hisfamily.
- 2 Carry out basic nursing techniques and care with the application of sound scientificprinciple.
- 3 Explain the concept of comprehensive nursingcare.
- 4 Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of the nursing care rendered to thepatients.
- 5 Communicate effectively and establish good interpersonal relationship with the patients, their relatives and other health teammembers.
- 6 Demonstrate skills in observation, recording andreporting.
- 7 Recognize and utilize opportunities for planning and implementing need based health teaching programme (s) for individuals, groups, families and communities.

Unit. No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Method of Teaching	Assessment methods
Ι	Define nursing and explain its nature, meaning, scope,ethics and principles in nursing. Identify the qualities of	 Introduction to Nursing a) Nursing – concept,meaning, definitions,scope and functions. b) History of nursing inIndia c) Nursing as aprofession d) Nursing professional – qualities and preparation. 	25	Lecture cum discussions	Short answer Objective type Essay type
Unit. No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Method of Teaching	Assessment methods
	a professional nurse health care agencies and its functions. Describe the	 e) Ethics in Nursing-roles and responsibilities of anurse. f) Health care agencies – hospital and community service – types and function of hospitals healthteam. 			

1	-				
II	holistic approach to nursing and thedeterminants of health andthe effects of illness. Describe nursing care of the patient/client in hospital using nursing process. Demonstrate skill in the admission and discharge process, maintenance of	 g) Modern approaches to nursing care including holistic nursingcare h) Health andDisease Definition of health,determinants of health status. Basic humanneeds Illness and its effects onindividual Nursing care of the patient a) Patient Environment in thehospital: Patients unit b) Therapeuticenvironment Physical factors – lighting temperature, ventilation, humidity, noise,pestilence. Safety needs, prevention of environmentalhazard Psychosocial and aestheticfactors. c) Patient's Adjustment to the Hospital. Understanding the patient as a	6	Lecture cum discussions. Demonstration ofmaintaining the records and reports Role Play	Short answer Objective type Essay type Return demonstration
	safe environment and records and reports	 Understanding the patient as a person, socio-economic, and cultural background, health statusetc. Effect of hospitalization on patient and family. Admission, transfer, discharge procedures d) Basic Nursing Skills- Communication Nursinginterview Recording and reporting e) Nursing Process Meaning andimportance Assessment, Nursing diagnosis Planning, Implementation and Evaluation Nursing careplan. 			
Unit. No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Method of Teaching	Assessment methods
III	Describe basic needs of the patient Demonstrate skill in meeting basic care of the patient	 Meeting the Basic Needs of a patient a) Physical needs- Comfort, rest, sleep andexercise Importance and its promotion Body mechanics -moving, lifting, transferring Position and posturemaintenance Comfortdevices Beds and bed making – Principles of bed making, types and care of bed linen 	65 1	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration	Short answer Objective type Essay type Return demonstration Assessment using checklist

		 Health andsickness Problems – constipation anddiarrhea, retention and incontinence of urine. Nurse's role in meeting elimination needs. Offering bed-pan and urinal, Observing andrecording abnormalities. Preparation and giving of laxative, suppositories, enemas, bowel wash, flatus tube. Perineal care, care of patient with urinary catheter, diapers. Maintenance of intake and output records Nutritional needs Diet in health anddisease Factors affecting nutrition inillness, Nurse's role in meetingpatients nutritional needs. Diet planning andserving. Feeding helpless patientsincluding artificial methods of feeding. Psychological and spiritual needs 			
Unit. No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Method of Teaching	Assessment methods
IV	Describe the principles of assessment demonstrate skills in assessing the patient	 Importance Nurse's role -Diversional and Recreationaltherapy f) Care of terminally ill and dying patient Dying patient's signs and symptoms needs of dying patient and family, Nursing care of dying-: special considerations; advance directives, euthanasia, will, dying declaration, organ donationetc. Medico legalissues Care of the deadbody Care of the deadbody Care of the deadbody Embalming Assessment of patient/client a) Physical Assessment Importance, principles, methods of assessment Height, Weight,posture Head to toeexamination. b) Physiological Assessment Vital signs, normal, abnormal Characteristics, factors influencing the variations, Observation and collection of specimens-urine, stool, vomitus and 	14	Lecture cum discussions Demonstration	Short answer Objective type Essay type Return demonstration Assessment using checklist
		 specifical and spotting and spotting and spotting. c) Psychological Assessment - Mood, Intelligence, Emotions Normal and Abnormal behavior. 			

V	Describe the infection control, methods in the clinicalsetting. Demonstrate infection control practices	 Infection control a) Infection control: Nature ofinfection Chain of infectiontransmission Defence against infection: natural and acquired Hospital acquiredinfection nosocomialinfection) b) Concept of asepsis: Medical and surgicalasepsis Isolation precautions, barriernursing Hand washing : simple, hand asepsis, surgical asepsis (scrub) Isolation – source andprotection Personal protective equipments types, uses and techniques of wearing and removing 		Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Explain using manual of biomedical waste managementof Government of India Demonstration Videos Simulation exercises	Short answers Essay type Objective type
Unit. No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Method of Teaching	Assessment methods
		 Decontamination of unit and equipment Transportation of infectedpatient Standard safetyprecaution Transmission basedprecautions c) Bio-medical waste management Importance Types of hospitalwastes Hazards associated with hospitalwaste Decontamination of hospitalwaste Segregation andtransportation Disposal 	20		
VI	Describe therapeutic nursing care	 Therapeutic Nursing Care a) Care of patients with respiratory problems/dyspnea Deep breathing and coughingexercises O2inhalation Dry and moistinhalation Oro nasalsuctioning b) Care of patient with altered body temperature-Hot and cold Applications c) Care of patients with Fluid and Electrolyteimbalance d) Care of unconsciouspatient e) Care of patient withpain g) Care of patients with bodyelimination 	30	Lecture cum discussions. Demonstration	Short answer Objective type Essay type Return demonstration Assessment using checklist
VIII	Explain the principles, routes, effectsof administrationof medications	 Introduction to clinical Pharmacology Administrationof medication: a) General Principles/Considerations Purposes of medication Principles: Rights, special considerations, prescriptions, safety in administering medications and medication errors Drugsforms Routes of administration 	30	Lecture cum discussions. Demonstration	Short answer Objective type Essay type Return demonstration Assessment using

		 Storage and maintenance of drugs and nurses responsibility Broad classification of drugs Therapeutic effect, side effect, toxic effect, allergic reaction, drug tolerance, drug interactions Factors influencing drug actions Systems of drug measurement: metric system, household measurements. 			checklist
Unit. No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Method of Teaching	Assessment methods
		 Converting measurements units: conversion within one system, between systems, dosagecalculations. Terminologies and abbreviations used in prescription ofmedications. Oral drug administration: oral, sublingual, buccal : equipment and procedure. Parentral: Generalprinciples Types of parentraltherapies. Types of syringes, needles, canulas and infusionsets, Protection from needle stick injuries, giving medications with a safety syringe. Routes of parentraltherapies: Purposes, site equipment, procedure and special considerationsin giving intradermal, subcutaneous, intramuscular and intravenous medications. Advanced techniques : epidural, intrathecal, intraosseous, intraperitoneal, intrapleural, intra arterial Role ofnurse Topical administration: purposes, site, equipment, procedure, special considerations for applications to skin and mucousmembrane. Directapplication: Gargle, throatswab Insertion of drug into body cavities : nasal pack, suppositories /medicated packing into rectum /vagina Instillations: ear, eye, nasal, bladder and rectal. Irrigations: eye, ear, bladder, vaginal and rectal. Spray: nose and throat Inhalations: nasal, oral, endotracheal, tracheal (steam, oxygen and medications. Recording and reporting ofmedications administered. 			

FIRST AID

Course Description

This course is designed to help students develop and understanding of community emergencies and be able to render first aid services as and when need arises.

General Objectives

Upon completion of this course, the students shall be able to:

- 1. Describe the rules of firstaid.
- 2. Demonstrate skills in rendering first aid in case ofemergencies.

Unit	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
Ι	Describe the importance and principle of first aid	 Introduction a)Definition, Aims and Importanceof firstaid b) Rules/GeneralprinciplesofFirstAid c) Concept of emergency 	2	Lecture cum discussions	Short answer Objective type
11	Demonstrate skill in first aid techniques	 Procedures and Techniques in First Aid a) Preparation of First Aidkit. b) Dressing, bandaging and splinting(spiral, reverse spiral, figure of 8 spica, shoulder,hip, ankle, thumb, finger, stump, single and double eye, single and double ear, breast, jaw, capelin), triangle bandage uses, abdominal binder and bandage, breast binder, T and many tail bandage, knots reef, clove. c) Transportation of theinjured d) CPR : Mouth to mouth, Sylvester, Schafer, External cardiac massage 	8	Lecture cum discussions Demonstration Videos Simulation exercises.	Short answer Objective type Return demonstration
III	Describe first aid in common emergencies	 First Aid in emergencies a) Asphyxia, drowning,shock b) Wounds andBleeding c) Injuries to the Bones, Joints and Muscle - fractures, sprains,strains, hanging, falls 	6	Lecture cum discussions. Videos Demonstration	Short answer Objectivetype Return demonstration

Unit	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
		 d) Burns andscalds e) Poisoning – ingestion, inhalation, bites andstings f) Foreign body in eye, ear, noseand throat. 			
IV	List various community emergencies and community resources.	 Community Emergencies & Community Resources a) Fire, explosion, floods, earth-quakes, famines etc b) Role of nurses in disaster management c) Rehabilitation d) CommunityResources Police, Ambulanceservices Voluntary agencies-local, state national and international 	4	Lecture cum discussions. Videos Mock drill Simulation exercise Videos Field visit tovoluntary agencies.	Short answer Objective type Essay type

NURSING FOUNDATIONS- PRACTICAL

Placement:FirstYear

Time: Practical – 880hours

Lab - 200 hours

Clinical – 680 hours

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students to acquire knowledge, attitude and skills in techniques of nursing and practice them in clinical settings

The nurse on completion of this course will be able to:

- Demonstrate appropriate attitudes and skills in providing comprehensive nursing care to patients based on nursing process.
 - Assess the nursing needs of the clients by collecting complete data, making relevant observation and analyze the datacollected.
 - Plan for appropriate nursing care by prioritizing the needs and executing competent nursingactions.
 - · Implement effective nursing care by integrating scientific principles for maintaining healthoptimum
 - Promotethehealthoftheindividualandthecommunitybygiving appropriatehealthteaching.
 - Evaluate the patients response to nursing careprovided.
 - Apply the theoretical knowledge to the appropriate clinical nursingpractice.
 - Demonstrate skill in the use of problem solving methods in nursingpractice.
 - Contribute for promotion of health prevention of illness & restoration of health of people by working with other health teammembers.
 - Gain knowledge of health resources in the community and thecountry.
 - Demonstrate leadership skills in working with health team, community and others in the provision of healthcare.
 - Recognize the need for continuing education for professionaldevelopment.
 - Demonstrate use of ethical values in their personal and professionallife.
 - Assist in research activities.

Areas	Time (Hours)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
Supervised practice in Lab General Medical and surgery wards	200 680 (Minimum practice time in clinical area)	• Performs admission and discharge procedure	 Hospital admission and discharge a) Admission: Prepare Unit for newpatient Prepare admissionbed Performadmissionprocedure New patient Transferin Prepare patientrecords 	• Practicein Unit/hospital	 Evaluatewith checklist Assessment of clinical performance with rating scale Completion of Practical record

Areas (Hours) Objectives Skills Assignments methods

Areas	Time (Hours)	Objectives	Use comfort devices Hygienic care: • Oralhygiene: • Baths and care of pressurepoints • Hair wash, Pediculosistreatment Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
		• Provides basic nursing care to patients	 Prepare Patient'sunit: Preparebeds: Open, closed,occupied, operation, amputation, Cardiac, fracture,burn, Divided, & Fowler's bed Pain assessmentand provision for comfort 	Practice inlab & hospital	
		• Performs health assess- ment ofeach bodysystem	 Health assessment Health historytaking Performassessment:General Body systems Use various methodsof physical examination Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction Identificationof system wisedeviations 		
		• Monitors vital signs	 Vital signs Measure, records and interpret alterations in body temperature, pulse, respiration and blood pressure 	 Labpractice Measure Vital signs of assigned patient 	 Assessmentof each skill with checklist Completionof activity record
		 Prepares patient reports Presents reports 	 Write patient report Change-of shiftreports, Transfer reports,Incident reports etc. Present patientreport 	• Write nurses notes and present the patient report of 2-3 assigned patients	• Assessmentof performance with rating scale
		• Develops plan for patient			

			 Feeding: Oral/Enteral,Naso/Orogastric, gastrostomy and Parenteral feeding Naso-gastric tubeinsertion, suction, and irrigation Assisting patient in urinary elimination Provide urinal/bedpan Condomdrainage Perinealcare Catheterization Care of urinarydrainage Bladder irrigation Assisting bowelElimination: Insertion of Flatustube Enemas Insertion of Suppository Bowel wash Body Alignment and Mobility: Range of motionexercises Positioning:Recumbent, Lateral, Fowlers, Sims, Lithotomy, Prone, Trendelenburgpositon- Assist patient in Moving, lifting, transferring,walking Restraints Oxygen administration Mask Prongs Tent Catheters Suctioning:oropharyngeal, nasopharyngeal Chest physiotherapy and postural drainage Care of Chest drainage CPR- Basic life support 	• Simulated exercise onCPR manikin	
			Observation of Intravenous therapy		
Areas	Time (Hours)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods

		Blood and blood component therapyCollect/assist for collection of specimens for investigations Urine, sputum, faeces, vomitus, blood and other body fluidsPerform lab tests: • Urine: sugar, albumin, acetone• Blood: sugar (withstrip/ gluco-meter)Application of hot and cold therapies: • Local andgeneral • Dry andmoistCommunicating and assisting with self-care of visually &hearing impaired patientsCommunicating and assisting with self-care of mentally challenged/disturbed patientsRecreational anddiversional therapies		
		therapies Caring of patient with alteration in sensorium		
	• Performs infection control procedures	 Infection control Perform following procedures: Hand washingtechniques Simple, hand antisepsisand surgical antisepsis(scrub) Prepare isolation unit in lab/ ward 	 Observation study-2 Department of Infection control & CSSD Visits CSSD write observation report 1 	 Assess observation study with checklist Evaluateall procedures with checklist

Areas	Time (Hours)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
		 Provide P care to pre and post- operative patients Perform procedures for care of wounds Administers drugs 	 Practice technique of wearing and removing Personal protective equipment(PPE) Practice Standardsafety precautions (Universal precautions) Decontamination of equipment and unit: Surgicalasepsis: Sterilization Handlingsterilized equipment Calculate strengths of solutions, Preparesolutions Care ofarticles Ye and post-operative care: Skin preparationsfor surgery: Local Preparation ofPost- operative unit Pre & post-operative teaching and counselling. Pre andpost-operative monitoring Care of thewound: Dressings of minor wounds, careof Drainage/ Application of Binders, Splints&Slings Bandaging of various body parts Administer Medicationsin different forms androutes Oral, Sublingual andBuccal Parenteral : Intradermal, subcutaneous,Intramuscular etc. Assist withIntravenous medications 	 Collection of samples for culture Do clinical posting in infection control department and write report Practice in lab/ward 	methods

· · · · ·	
	Drug measurements and
	dose calculations
	Preparation of lotions and
	solutions
	Administer topical
	applications
	Insertion of drug intobody
	cavity: Suppository &
	medicated packingetc.
	Instillation of medicines
	into Ear, Eye, Nose and
	throat
	Irrigations: Eye, Ear, bladder,
	Vagina andRectum
	Inhalations: dry andmoist
	Medicated/Nebulization
	Identification of
	spuriousdrugs.
	Record date, time,
	medication, dose, route And
	sign immediatelyafter
	administration
	administration
• Provi	de C are of dying patient
care t	o • Provide care for the
dying	and terminallyill
dead	Caring and packing of dead
• Count	
and	Counseling and supporting
suppo	
relativ	
	valuables
	Transferring to mortuary
	with properidentification
	Terminal care of theunit

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING

Placement-FirstYear

Time- 180 hours

Total Hours - 80

CHN-I – 80 hours Environmental Hygiene-30hours Health Education & Communication skills- 40hours Nutrition-30hours

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING – I

Course Description

This course is designed to help students gain an understanding of the concept of community health in order to introduce them to the wider horizons of rendering nursing services in a community set - up, both in urban and rural areas.

General Objectives

Upon completion of this course, the students shall be able to:

- 1 Describe the concept of health, community health and community healthnursing.
- 2 State the principles of epidemiology and epidemiological methods in community health nursingpractice.
- 3 Explain the various services provided to the community and role of thenurse.
- 4 Demonstrate skills to practice effective nursing careof the individuals and families in the clinics as well as in their homes, using scientific principles.

Unit No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr	Teaching Learning activities	Method of Assessment
Ι	Describe the concept of health and disease and community health	 Introduction to Community Health a) Definitions: Community, Community health, community healthnursing b) Concept of Health and disease, dimensions and indicators ofhealth, Health determinants c) History & development of Community Health in India&its presentconcept. d) Primary health care, Millennium DevelopmentGoals e) Promotion and maintenanceof Health 	10	Lecture cum discussions.	Short Answers
Unit No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr	Teaching Learning activities	Method of Assessment
II	Explain various aspects of Community Health Nursing. Demonstrate skills in applying nursing process in Community Health Nursing settings	Community Health Nursing a) Philosophy, goals, objectives & principles, concept and importance of Community HealthNursing, b) Qualities and functions of Community HealthNurse c) Steps of nursing process;	14	Lecture cum discussions.	Short answers Essay type

III	Demonstrate skill in assessing the health status and identify deviations from normal parameters in different age groups.	 community identification, population composition, health and allied resources, community assessment, planning & conducting community nursing care services. Health Assessment a) Characteristics of a healthy individual b) Health assessment of infant, preschool, school going, adolescent, adult, antenatal woman, postnatal woman, and elderly. 	10	Lecture cum discussions. Demonstration Role Play Videos	Short answers Objective type Essay type Return demonstration
IV	Describe the principles of epidemiology and epidemiological methods in community health nursingpractice.	 Principles of Epidemiology and Epidemiological methods a) Definition and aims of epidemiology, communicable and non-communicablediseases. b) Basic tools of measurement in epidemiology c) Uses ofepidemiology d) Diseasecycle e) Spectrum ofdisease f) Levels of prevention ofdisease. g) Disease transmission – direct and indirect. h) Immunizing agents, immunization and national immunization schedule. i) Control of infectiousdiseases. j) Disinfection. 	10	Lecture cum discussions. Non- communicable disease module of government of India. Field visit	Short answers Objective type Essay type
V	Demonstrate skill inproviding comprehensive nursing care to thefamily.	 Family Health Nursing Care a) Family as a unit ofhealth b) Concept, goals, objectives c) Family health careservices d) Family health care plan and nursing process. 	12	Lecture cum discussions. Role play Familyvisit	Short answers Essay type

Unit No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr	Teaching Learning activities	Method of Assessment
VI.	Describe the principles and techniques of family health care services at home and in clinics.	 e) Family health services – Maternal, child care and family welfare services. f) Roles and function of a community health nurse in family health service. g) Family healthrecords. Family Health Care Settings Home Visit: a) Purposes, Principles b) Planning and evaluation 	10	Lecture cum discussions. Demonstration	Short answer Return demonstration
		 c) Bagtechnique d) Clinic: Purposes, type of clinics and theirfunctions e) Function of Health personnelin clinics 		Visits – Home, health center	
VII	Describe the referral system and community resources for referral	 Referral System a) Levels of health care and health care settings. b) Referral servicesavailable c) Steps inreferral. d) Role of a nurse inreferral 	6	Lecture cum discussions. Mock drill	Short answer Objective type
VIII	List the records and reports used in community health nursing practice	 Records andreports a) Types anduses b) Essential requirements of records andreports c) Preparation & Maintenance 	3	Lecture cum discussions. Exhibit the records.	Short answer Objective type
IX.	Explain the management of minor ailments.	Minor Ailmentsa) Principles ofmanagementb) Management as perstanding instructions/orders.	5	Lecture cum discussions.	Short answer Objective type

Community Health Nursing I- Practical

Placement:FirstYear

Time:Practical-320hours(8weeks)

Areas	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
Community health Nursing - urban / rural	8 weeks	 a) Organize homevisit b) Prepare bagand demonstrate bag technique. c) Build up and maintain rapport withfamily. d) Identify needs of community e) Practiceprocedure f) Makereferrals. g) Plan and conduct health education onidentified healthneeds. h) Set up clinics with help ofstaff. i) Maintain records and reports j) Collect and recordvital healthstatistics. k) Learn aboutvarious organizations of community health importance. l) Health Assessment family m) Identify the health needs of various agegroups. n) Assess theenvironment o) Maintain familyfolders. p) Assessment nutritional needs q) Demonstrate different method of preparing food according to the nutritional need of family. 	 Conducting Home visits. Nutritional assessment of individuals. Providecare at home as per Standing Orders / protocol. Conducthealth Education. Set up ofdifferent Clinics. MaintainRecords & Reports. Practicefamily health nursing. Demonstrate different methods of preparation of Meals. 	 DailyDiary Health talk -2 Family care plan based on family study-2. Health assessment of an individual-2 Community Profile -2 Report of visit to water purification plant, sewage plant, milk dairy, panchayat. 	 Assess clinical performance with rating scale. Evaluation of daily diary, health talk, family care plan, health assessment, community profile, observation report.

ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE

Course Description

This course is designed to help students acquire the concept of health, understanding of the principles of environmental health and its relation to nursing in health and disease.

General Objectives

Upon completion of this course, the students shall be able to:

- 1 Describe the concept and principles of environmentalhealth.
- 2 Demonstrate skills to apply the principles of environmental hygiene in caring for self andothers.
- 3 Describe the environmental health hazards, related health problems and the services available to meet them.

Total Hours - 30

Unit.	Learning Objectives	Content Unit wise	Hr	Teaching learning activities	Method of assessment
Ι	Explain the importance of healthy environment and its relation to health and disease.	Introduction a) Components of environment b) Importance of healthy environment	2	Lecture cum discussions.	Short answer
II	Describe the environmental factors contributing to health andillness.	 Environmental Factors Contributing to Health a) Water: Sources and characteristics of safe and wholesomewater Uses ofwater. Rain waterharvesting Water pollution – natural and acquired impurities Water bornediseases Water purification-small and largescale b) Air: Composition ofair Airbornediseases Air pollution and its effect onhealth Control of air pollution and use ofsafety measures. 	22	Lecture cum discussions Demonstration Exhibits Visit to water Purification plant, sewage treatment plant	Short answers Objective type Essay type

Unit.	Learning Objectives	Content Unit wise	Hr	Teaching learning activities	Method of assessment
		 c) Waste : Refuse – garbage, excreta andsewage Healthhazards Waste management:collection, transportation anddisposal. d) Housing: Location Type Characteristics of goodhousing Basicamenities Townplanning e) Ventilation: Types and standards of ventilation f) Lighting: Requirements of goodlighting Natural and artificiallighting Use of solar energy g) Noise Sources ofnoise Community noiselevels Effects of noisepollution Noise Controlmeasures h) Arthropods: Mosquitoes, housefly, sand fly, human louse, rat fleas, rodents, ticks etc. Controlmeasures 			
III.	Describe the community organization to promote environmental health.	 Community organizations to promote environmental health a) Levels and types ofagencies: National, state,local Government, voluntary andsocial agencies. b) Legislations and acts regulating the environmentalhygiene. 	6	Lecture cum discussions.	Short answer Objective type.

HEALTH EDUCATION AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS

Course Description

This course is designed to help students to

- 1. Acquire the concept of health education and develop an ability to select and/or prepare appropriate audio-visual aids and use them effectively to communicate with the individuals and community
- 2. Understand the principles of communication and counseling, and its application in nursing practice.

General Objectives

Upon completion of this course, the students shall be able to:

- 1 Describe the concept of health education, communication skills including soft skills, audio visual aids and health educationagencies.
- 2 Identify and utilize opportunities for healtheducation.
- 3 Describe the application of information technology in preparation and use of various health teaching aids.
- 4 Develop effective communication and counselingskills.

Total Hours – 40

Unit.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Methodof Teaching	Assessment methods
Ι	Describe the concept and differentaspects ofcommunica- tion	 Communication Skills a) Definition,process,purposes,principles, types and importance of communication b) Barriers in communication c) Establishment of successful communication. d) Observing and listening skills. 	8	Lecture cum discussions. Demonstration Role play	Short answers Objective type Return demonstration
Π	Describe the aims and objectives, scope, levels, approaches and principles of health education	 Health Education a) Concept, definition, aimsandobjectives of health education b) Principles of healtheducation c) Processofchange/modificationofhealth behavior d) Levels and approaches of health education e) Methods of healtheducation f) Scope and opportunities for health education in hospital and community g) Nurse's role in healtheducation. 	6	Lecture cum discussions.	Short answers Objective type
Unit.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Methodof Teaching	Assessment methods
Ш	Demonstrate the skills of counseling.	 Counseling a) Definition,purpose,principles,scopeand types b) Counseling process: steps andtechniques c) Qualities of a goodcounselor d) Difference between health education and counseling e) Role of nurse incounseling 	8	Lecture cum discussion Role play	Short answer Essay type.

IV Describe types of aids.		ethods and Media of Health Education Definition, purpose and types ofaudio- visual aids and media	18	Lecture cum discussions	Evaluation of prepared audio visualaids.
Demons skill in preparin using di kinds of visual ai	g and fferent C) audio –	Selection, preparation and use of audio- visual aids : graphic aids, printed aids, three dimensional aids and projectedaids Advantages and limitations of different media Preparation of health educationplan		Exhibits. Demonstration	Writtentest

NUTRITION

Course Description

This course is designed to help students understand that nutrition is an integral component of health as nutrients play a vital role in the growth, development and maintenance of the body.

General Objectives

Upon completion of this course, the students shall be able to:

- 1 Describe the principles of nutrition and dietetics and its relationship to the human body in health and disease.
- 2 Describe the balanced diet in promotion ofhealth
- 3 Apply this knowledge in providing therapeutic diet in care of thesick.
- 4 Demonstrate skills in selection, preparation and preservation offood.

Total Hours - 30

Unit.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Methods of assessment
I	Describe the relationship between nutrition and health	 Introduction a) Meaning of food, nutrition, nutrientsetc. b) Food Habits and customs c) Factors affecting nutrition d) Changing concepts in food and nutrition. e) Relation of Nutrition to Health 	2	Lecture cum discussions. Explain using charts	Short answer types Objective type
Π	Describe the classification of food.	 Classification of food a) Classification byorigin: Food and animalorigin Food of plantorigin b) Classification bychemical composition and sources Carbohydrates Proteins Fats Minerals Vitamins Water c) Classification bypredominant functions Body buildingfood Energy givingfood Protectivefood 	2	Lecture cum discussions. Real food items Exhibits charts	Short answers Objective type Essay type
Unit.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Methods of assessment

		 d) Classification by nutritivevalue Cereals andmillets Pulses andlegumes Vegetables Nuts and oil seeds Fruits Animalfood Fats andoils Sugar andjiggery Condiments andspices Miscellaneousfood. 			
	Explain normal dietary requirements Demonstrate skill in calculating normal food requirements.	 Normal Dietary Requirements a) Energy: Calorie, Measurement, Body Mass Index,BasalMetabolic Rate – determination and factors affecting b) Balanced Diet – nutritive value of foods, calculation for different categories of people, normal food requirementcalculation. Menu plan. Combination of food affecting and enhancing the nutritive value of the diet. c) Budgeting for food, lowcost meals, foodsubstitutes. d) Diseases and disorders causedby the imbalance ofnutrients. e) Food allergy –causes, types, diet modifications in glutein,lactose and protein intoleranceetc. f) Food intolerance - inborn errors of metabolism 	4	Lecture cum discussions. Charts exhibits Real food Practical exercise	Short answer Objective type Essay type
IV	Describe theprinciples and various methods of preparation, preservation and storage of food.	 Food Preparation, Preservation & Storage a) Principles of cooking, methods of cooking and the effect of cooking on food and various nutrients. Safe food handling, health of food handlers. 	2	Lecture cum discussions. Field visit to food processing unit.	Short answer type Objective type

Unit.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Methods of assessment
		 b) Methods of food preservation– household and commercial, precautions. c) Food storage – cooked andraw, household and commercial, ill effects of poorly storedfood. d) Food adulteration and actsrelated to it. 		Demonstration exhibits	Evaluation of exhibit preparation.
V	Describe about therapeutic diet	 Therapeutic Diet a) Diet modification in relation to medical and surgical condition of the individual such as Protein Energy Malnutrition (PEM), Diabetes, Cardio Vascular disease, Hepatitis, Renal, Gouts, Irritable Bowel Syndrome (IBS), Obesity, cholecystectomy, partial gastrectomy,gastrostomy, bariatric surgery and colostomy etc. b) Special diet – low sodium diet, fat free diet, diabetic diet, bland diet, high protein diet, low proteindiet, low calorie diet, geriatric diet,iron rich diet, liquid diet, semi-solid diet, soft diet and high fiber dietetc c) Factors affecting dietacceptance, feeding the helplesspatient. d) Health education onnutrition needs and methods in diet modification. 	8	Lecture cum discussions. Practical of planning Therapeutic diet Demonstration Charts Exhibits	Short answers Objective type Essay type
VI	Describe the concept of community nutrition	 Community Nutrition a) Nutritional problemsand programs inIndia b) Community food supply, food hygiene and commercially prepared and grown foodavailable locally. c) National and international food agencies – Central food training research institute (CFTRI),Food and agricultureorganization 	4	Lecture cum discussions. Videos Government of India nutrition manuals.	Short answer Objective type
Unit.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Methods of assessment

		(FAO), National Institute of Nutrition (NIN), Food Safety and Standards Authority of India (FSSAI), CARE (Cooperative for Assistance and Relief Everywhere), National Institute of Public Cooperation and Child Development (NIPCCD) etc.		Visit to the local food preparation / processing agency.	
VII	Demonstrate skill in preparation of common food items.	 Preparation of diet / practical a) Beverages: hot and cold, juice, shakes, soups, lassi, barleywater b) Egg preparation: eggflip, scramble, omlet, poached egg c) Light diet: porridges, gruel, khichari, dahlia, kanji,boiled vegetables, salads,custards. d) Low cost high nutrition diets - chikki, multigrainroti 	8	Lecture cum discussions Cookery practical	Practical evaluation

ENGLISH

Placement-FirstYear

Course Description

This course is designed to help students develop an ability to comprehend spoken and written English, so as to communicate effectively.

General Objectives

Upon completion of this course, the students shall be able to:

- 1 Read and write correctEnglish.
- 2 Communicate effectively in English.

Total Hours-30

Unit	Learning Objective	Content	Hr.	Method of Teaching	Assessment Method
I.	Speak and write correct grammatical English	Grammar a) Review of basicgrammar b) BuildingVocabulary	6	Discussion, written and oral exercises.	Objective type Paraphrasing
II	Develop ability to read, understandand write inEnglish	 Composition a) Sentence construction andusage. b) Readingcomprehension. c) Written composition :paragraphs & essays, precise writing, story writing & comprehension, letter writing, nurses notes and reports, anecdotal records, diarywriting 	14	Discussion Written and oral exercises.	Dictation Exercise Objective type Translation Report evaluation Essaytype
III	Demonstrate conversation skills.	 Spoken English a) Conversation – face to face and telephonic b) Oralreport c) Discussion,debate d) Public speakingskills. 	10	Discussion, written and oral exercises.	Extempore Debates Discussion

Time-30hours

COMPUTER EDUCATION

Placement- First Year Time- 15 hours Course Description:-

This course is designed to help students gain a basic understanding of uses of computers and its application in nursing.

General Objective:-

Upon completion of this course, the students shall able to:

- 1. Describe the basic disk operatingsystem.
- 2. Use computer for dataprocessing
- 3. Use Micro-soft officeprograms.
- 4. Use computer in patient ManagementSystem.
- 5. Use E-mail and internet

Total Hours – 15

Unit	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
Ι	Describe the structure and purpose of computers and disc operating systems	 Introduction to computers and Disk operating system a) Definition b) Classification c) Structure and parts of computer d) Disk operating system – DOS and WINDOWS allversions. e) Purposes / uses of computer ishealth care delivery system 	5	Lecture cum discussion Practical	Short answers Essay type Practical
II	Demonstrate skill in the use of MS office	 MS Office a) MSword b) MS excel with pictorial presentation c) MS Powerpoint d) MSaccess e) MS publisherdocument 	15	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Practice session	Short answer Objectivetype Practicalexam
III	Demonstrateskill in using multimedia	 Multimedia a) Types anduses b) Data base creation, retrieval and report generation c) Computer aided teaching andtesting 	5	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration	Short answer Objective type Practical exam
IV	Demonstrate the use of internet and e-mail	 Use of internet and e-mail a) Accessing thewebsite b) Searching the internet forcontent c) Accessing the email and communicating with the help ofit. d) Use of internet communicationprograms - skype 	10	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration	Short answer Objective type Practical exam

MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING-I

Placement- SecondYear

Course Description:-

This course shall help students understand the concept of disease and disease process, Students shall be able to gain knowledge and develop understanding of various medical, surgical disorders and disease. They shall be able to give comprehensive nursing care to patient with these diseases.

General Objective:-

Upon completion of this course, the students shall able to:

- 1. Describe the cause, symptoms, treatment and prevention of Medical SurgicalDiseases.
- 2. Demonstrate skill in carrying out nursing technique and procedures with the applicant of scientificprinciples.
- 3. Discuss nursing process and provide nursing care to patients with medical surgical/diseases.

Total Hours - 120

Unit No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Methodof Teaching	Assessment Methods
Ι	Explain the history of modern Medicine and Surgery	 Introduction a) Brief history of evolution of modern medicine andsurgery b) Theories of illness and its causation -Illness as humanexperience c) Review of Nursing process and Nursingcare plan. 	2	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer Objective type
II	Demonstrate skill in conducting health assessment and physical examination	Nursing assessmenta) HealthAssessment- Healthhistory- Physicalexamination- Nutritionalassessment- General clinicalinvestigations	4	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Simulation	Short answer Objective type Return demonstration
III	Describe the pathophysiolo- gical mechanism of diseases	 Pathophysiological mechanism of disease a) Stress adaptation stressors,management, Nursing interventions b) Inflammation c) Defense againstinjury d) Nutritionalconsideration 	2	Lecture cum discussion Topic presentation	Short answer Essay type
IV	Demonstrate skill in providing nursing care to patients with altered immune response.	 Altered immune response a) Overview of normal immunesystem b) Altered immune response, hypersensitivity andallergy c) Assessment of immune system d) Diagnosticevaluation e) Allergydisorders: Anaphylaxis Allergicrhinitis Contactdermatitis Atopicdermatitis 	6	Lecture cum discussion Clinical case presentation	Short answer Objective type Essay type

Time-120hours

Unit	Learning	Content	Hr.	Methodof	Assessment
No.	Objectives			Teaching	Methods
V	Demonstrate skill in management of client with fluid and electrolyte imbalance.	 Drugreactions Foodallergy Serumsickness Latexallergy Approaches to treatallergicdiseases Nursing management client withaltered immuneresponse Auto immunedisease Rheumatoidarthritis SLE Ankylosingspondylitis Graft versus hostdisease Fluid and electrolyte balance and Imbalance a) Water contents of body, electrolyte andAcid Base balance b) Homeostasis c) Reviewmechanismofregulatingfluidand electrolyte movement d) Fluid and electrolyte Acid-Baseimbalance and its management 	4	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration	Short answer Objective type Essay type Return demonstration
VI	Describe physical set up of OT and its equipments. Demonstrate skill in theatre techniques.	 Operation theatretechnique: a) PhysicalEnvironment Operationtheatreroom-cleaningoftables, trolleys, lights and otherequipments Pre-operative holdingareas. b) TheatreTechnique Scrubbing – Handwashing Gowning Gloving Positioning of patient for various surgical procedures. Draping of patient. c) Preparation of theatre, equipment and supplies Cleaning Needles, sutures – types and theiruses. Carbolization, ETO sterilization, fumigation, OT swab,Bacillocid sterilization. Packing and sterilization of dressings, linen rubber ware suture material,instruments, needlesandother materials. 	8	Lecture cum discussion Explain about the instruments Demonstration of OTtechniques – scrubbing, gowning,gloving Positioning and draping Visit to CSSD	Short answer Objective type Essay type Return demonstration
VII	Demonstrate skill in preparing the client for surgery. Recognize and perform the role of nurse during surgery.	Management of patient undergoing surgery	8	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Videos	Short answer Objective type Essay type Return demonstration

UnitLearningNo.Objectives	Content	Hr.	Methodof Teaching	Assessment Methods
100. Objectives Demonstrate skill in giving care to clients after surgery (post-operative care) VIII Demonstrate skills in the nursing management of client with impaired respiratory function and gaseous exchange	 Post operative observation and nursing management Carryout the post operativeorders. Postoperative complicationobservation, prevention & management. Nursing management of patient with impaired respiratory function and gaseous exchange a) Assessment of respiratory function History 	15	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration of various artificial respiratory devices Simulation Casediscussion Videos and Films	Short answer Objective type Essay type Return demonstration
Unit Learning	Content	Hr.	Methodof Tooching	Assessment
No.ObjectivesIXDescribe the	Nursing management of patient with gastro	18	Teaching Lecture cum	Methods Short answer
various gastro intestinaldisorders. Demonstrate skillin providing care for clients with gastro intestinaldisorders.	 intestinal disorders a) Assessment of gastro intestinalfunction History Physicalexamination Diagnosticevaluation b) Management of Upper gastrointestinal disorders 		discussion Visit to endoscopy room, radiology department Demonstration	Objective type Essay type Return demonstration

	1				Ĩ
		- Parotitis		Films and Videos	
		- Stomatitis			
		- Glossitis			
		- Gingivitis			
		- Pyorrhea			
		- Dentalcaries			
		- Halitosis			
		- Dysphagia			
		- Achalasiacardia			
		- GastroEsophagealRefluxDisease(GERD)			
		- Cancer of esophagus			
		- Hiatushernia			
		- Gastritis			
		- Gastric and duodenalulcers			
		- Gastriccancer			
		- Gastroenteritis			
		- Esophagealfistula			
		- Peritonitis			
		c) Care of patient with gastro intestinal			
		intubation and special nutritional			
		management.			
		 d) Management of patient with lower gastro intestinaldisorders: 			
		- Helminthiasis			
		- Constipation			
		- Diarrhea			
		- Fecalincontinence			
		 Irritable Bowel Syndrome(IBS) 			
		- Appendicitis			
		- Diverticulardisease			
		- Crohn'sdisease			
		- Ulcerativecolitis			
		- Intestinalobstruction			
		- Colitis			
		- TB abdomen			
		TB abdomenColorectalcancer			
		- TB abdomen			
		TB abdomenColorectalcancerPolyps of colon andrectum			
		 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess 			
		 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure 			
		 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids 			
Unit	Learning	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids e) Alternate therapies f) Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders 		Methodof	Assessment
Unit No.	Learning Objectives	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids e) Alternate therapies 	Hr.		Assessment Methods
	Objectives	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders 	Hr. 15	Teaching	Methods
No.		 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids e) Alternate therapies f) Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders 		Teaching Lecture cum	
No.	Objectives Describe the	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders:		Teaching	Methods Short answer
No.	Objectives Describe the management	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with		Teaching Lecture cum	Methods
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History 		Teaching Lecture cum discussion	Methods Short answer
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids e) Alternate therapies f) Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History 		Teaching Lecture cum discussion	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination 		Teaching Lecture cum discussion Charts	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders. Demonstrate skills in caring	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures Management of patients with hepatic disorders 		Teaching Lecture cum discussion Charts	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders. Demonstrate skills in caring for the clients	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures Management of patients with hepatic disorders 		Teaching Lecture cum discussion Charts Simulation Clinical teaching	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders. Demonstrate skills in caring for the clients with metabolic	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures Management of patients with hepatic disorders 		TeachingLecture cumdiscussionChartsSimulationClinical teachingExposure to	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders. Demonstrate skills in caring for the clients with metabolic and endocrinal	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures Management of patients with hepatic disorders Jaundice Hepaticcirrhosis Portalhypertension 		TeachingLecture cumdiscussionChartsSimulationClinical teachingExposure todiagnostic	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders. Demonstrate skills in caring for the clients with metabolic	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures Management of patients with hepatic disorders 		TeachingLecture cumdiscussionChartsSimulationClinical teachingExposure to	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders. Demonstrate skills in caring for the clients with metabolic and endocrinal	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures b) Management of patients with hepatic disorders Jaundice Hepaticcirrhosis Portalhypertension Ascites Hepatic Encephalopathy andcoma 		TeachingLecture cum discussionChartsSimulationClinical teachingExposure to diagnostic procedures	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders. Demonstrate skills in caring for the clients with metabolic and endocrinal	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures b) Management of patients with hepatic disorders Jaundice Hepaticcirrhosis Portalhypertension Ascites Hepatic Encephalopathy andcoma 		TeachingLecture cumdiscussionChartsSimulationClinical teachingExposure todiagnostic	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders. Demonstrate skills in caring for the clients with metabolic and endocrinal	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures b) Management of patients with hepatic disorders Jaundice Hepaticcirrhosis Portalhypertension Ascites Hepatic Encephalopathy andcoma Viralhepatitis Tumors and cyst of theliver 		TeachingLecture cum discussionChartsSimulationClinical teachingExposure to diagnostic procedures	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders. Demonstrate skills in caring for the clients with metabolic and endocrinal	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures b) Management of patients with hepatic disorders Jaundice Hepaticcirrhosis Portalhypertension Ascites Hepatic Encephalopathy andcoma Viralhepatitis Tumors and cyst of theliver 		TeachingLecture cum discussionChartsSimulationClinical teachingExposure to diagnostic procedures	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders. Demonstrate skills in caring for the clients with metabolic and endocrinal	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures Management of patients with hepatic disorders Jaundice Hepaticcirrhosis Portalhypertension Ascites Hepatic Encephalopathy andcoma Viralhepatitis Tumors and cyst of theliver Liverabscess Management of patients with biliary 		TeachingLecture cum discussionChartsSimulationClinical teachingExposure to diagnostic procedures	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders. Demonstrate skills in caring for the clients with metabolic and endocrinal	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids e) Alternate therapies f) Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures b) Management of patients with hepatic disorders Jaundice Hepaticcirrhosis Portalhypertension Ascites Hepatic Encephalopathy andcoma Viralhepatitis Tumors and cyst of theliver Liverabscess 		TeachingLecture cum discussionChartsSimulationClinical teachingExposure to diagnostic procedures	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders. Demonstrate skills in caring for the clients with metabolic and endocrinal	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures b) Management of patients with hepatic disorders Jaundice Hepaticcirrhosis Portalhypertension Ascites Hepatic Encephalopathy andcoma Viralhepatitis Tumors and cyst of theliver Liverabscess (Management of patients with biliary disorders Cholecystitis 		TeachingLecture cum discussionChartsSimulationClinical teachingExposure to diagnostic procedures	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders. Demonstrate skills in caring for the clients with metabolic and endocrinal	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures b) Management of patients with hepatic disorders Jaundice Hepaticcirrhosis Portalhypertension Ascites Hepatic Encephalopathy andcoma Viralhepatitis Tumors and cyst of theliver Liverabscess (Management of patients with biliary disorders Cholecystitis Cholecystitis 		TeachingLecture cum discussionChartsSimulationClinical teachingExposure to diagnostic procedures	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders. Demonstrate skills in caring for the clients with metabolic and endocrinal	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures Management of patients with hepatic disorders Jaundice Hepaticcirrhosis Portalhypertension Ascites Hepatic Encephalopathy andcoma Viralhepatitis Tumors and cyst of theliver Liverabscess (Management of patients with biliary disorders Cholecystitis Cholelithiasis Choledocolithiasis 		TeachingLecture cum discussionChartsSimulationClinical teachingExposure to diagnostic procedures	Methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders. Demonstrate skills in caring for the clients with metabolic and endocrinal	 TB abdomen Colorectalcancer Polyps of colon andrectum Ano rectalabscess Anal fistula and fissure Hemorrhoids Alternate therapies Drugs used in treatment of GI disorders Content Nursing management of patients with metabolic and endocrinal disorders: a) Assessment of Hepatic and biliaryfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures b) Management of patients with hepatic disorders Jaundice Hepaticcirrhosis Portalhypertension Ascites Hepatic Encephalopathy andcoma Viralhepatitis Tumors and cyst of theliver Liverabscess (Management of patients with biliary disorders Cholecystitis Cholecystitis 		TeachingLecture cum discussionChartsSimulationClinical teachingExposure to diagnostic procedures	Methods Short answer Objective type

		 Cancer ofpancreas Assessment of Endocrinal function History Physicalexamination Diagnosticevaluation Omagement of endocrinaldisorders Pituitarydisorders Thyroiddisorders Hyperthyroidism Hypothyroidism Hypothyroidism Thyroiddisorders Goiter Parathyroiddisorders Pancreasdisorder Diabetesmellitus Adrenaldisorders Cushing'ssyndrome Tumors of the endocrineglands f) Alternatetherapies g) Drugs used in treatment of metabolicand Endocrine disorder 			
XI	Describe the management of clients with urinary and renal disorders. Demonstrate skill in giving care of client with urinary and renal disorders	 Nursing management of renal and urinary disorders a) Assessment of renal and urinary functions History Physical examination Diagnosticevaluation b) Management of patients with renal and urinary disorders Urinary retention andincontinence Urinary tractinfection 	14	Lecture cum discussion Clinical teaching Visit to Dialysis unit Videos and Films	Short answer Objective type Essay type

Unit No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Methodof Teaching	Assessment Methods
		 Acute and chronicglomerulonephritis Pyelonephritis Urolithiasis Renalcalculi Trauma of kidney, bladder, urethra, ureters Urinarystrictures TB of urinarytract Neurogenic bladderdysfunction Renal cyst and renalabscess Nephroticsyndrome Acute and chronic Renalfailure Uremia Acute and chronicnephrosis Tumor – benign andmalignant Care of patient on hemodialysis and peritonealdialysis Care of patient with renaltransplant c) Assessment of male Genitourinaryfunction History Physicalexamination Diagnosticevaluation d) Disorders of male genito urinary tract and its management Hydrocele, Phimosis Benign and malignant prostatic hypertrophy Orchitis Cancerpenis e) Alternatetherapies f) Drugs used in treatment of renal andUrinary disorders 			
XII	Describe the nursing management of clients with Neurological disorders	 Nursing management of patients with neurological disorders: Assessment Neurologicalfunctions History Physicalexamination Diagnosticevaluation b) Management of patients with neurologic dysfunctions Altered level of consciousness Increased Intracranial pressure Intracranialsurgery c) Management of patients with neurological disorders Headache Migraine Seizures Epilepsy Statusepileptics Cerebrovascular disorder –CVA Neurological trauma – Head, brain, spinal cord, subdural and extradural hematoma Neurologicinfection Meningitis 	20	Lecture cum discussion Clinical teaching Demonstration of reflexes and use of Glasgow coma scale Simulation Videos and Films Charts	Short answer Objective type Essay type Return demonstration

Unit No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Methodof Teaching	Assessment Methods
	Demonstrate skill in giving nursing care to clients with Neurological disorders	 Brainabscess Encephalitis Degenerativedisorders Multiplesclerosis Myastheniagravis Guillain – Barresyndrome Parkinsonism Alzheimerdisease Neuralgia Bell'sPalsy Peripheralneuropathies Brain and spinal cordtumors Huntington'sdisease MuscularDystrophies Herniation of the intervertebral disc d) Alternatetherapies e) Drugs used in treatment ofneurological disorders 			
XIII	Describe the management of clients with connective tissue and collagen disorders Demonstrate skill in providing nursing care to clients with connective tissue and collagen disorders	 Nursing Management of Patientswith Connective Tissue and CollagenDisorders Assessment History Physicalexamination Diagnosticmeasures b) Management of patients with disorders of connective tissue and collagendisorders Rheumatoidarthritis Systemic lupus Erythematosus(SLE) Scleroderma Polymyositis Osteoarthritis AnkylosingSpondylitis Gout Fibromyalgia c) Alternatetherapies d) Drugs used in treatment of connectivetissue and collagen disorders 	8	Lecture cum discussion Clinical teaching	Short answer Objective type Essay type
XIV	Describe the nurse's role in promoting wellness for elderly. Demonstrate skill in providing nursing care for elderly clients.	 Nursing management of the elderly a) Assessment of theelderly Ageingprocess Helping and care of elderly in promoting wellness and selfcare b) Conditions associated withageing Dementia Osteoporosis Incontinence –urinary Sensorydeprivation c) Home and Institutional care 	6	Lecture cum discussion Visit to old age home Videos	Short answer Objective type

MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING- II

Placement- SecondYear

Course Description:-

This course shall help students understand the concept of disease and disease process, Students shall be able to gain knowledge and develop understanding of various medical surgical specialty disorders and disease. They shall be able to give comprehensive nursing care to patient with these diseases.

General Objective:-

Upon completion of this course, the students shall able to:

- 1. Describe the cause, symptoms, signs, treatment and prevention of diseases classified undermedical Surgical Specialties.
- 2. Demonstrate skill in carrying out nursing technique and procedures with the applicant of scientificprinciples.
- **3**. Prepare nursing care plan using nursing process and apply it in provide care to patient with these diseases.

Unit No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Methodof Teaching	Assessment methods
INU.	Describe the	On and a new Nerrority av	15	Lecture cum	Short answers
1	management of	Oncology Nursing:	15	discussion	Short answers
	-	a) Nursing management of patients with		uiscussion	Obiastiva tras
	patients with	oncologicalconditions		Explain using	Objective type
	oncology	 Structure & characteristics of normal 		Explain using	E
		&cancercells		charts, graphs	Essay type
		- Nursing Assessment-History and Physical		models, films,	
		assessment		and slides	
		- Prevention, Screening, Earlydetection,			
		Warning signs ofcancer		Case discussion	
		- Epidemiology, Etiology, Classification,		Seminar	
		Pathopysiology, staging, clinical		Seminar	
		manifestations, diagnosis, treatment			
		modalities and medical & surgical nursing			
		management of oncological conditions			
		- Common malignanacies of various body			
		systems: Oral, larynx, lung, stomach and			
		Colon, Liver, Leukemias and lymphomas,			
		Breast, Cervix, Ovary, uterus, Sarcoma,			
		Brain, Renal, Bladder, Prostate etc			
		b) Oncologicalemergiences			
		c) Modalities oftreatment			
		- Immunotherapy			

Total Hours - 120

Time-120hours

Unit	Learning	Content	Hr.	Methodof	Assessment
No.	Objectives			Teaching	methods
		 Radiotherapy SurgicalInterventions Stem cell and Bonemarrowtransplants Genetherapy Other forms oftreatment Psychosocial aspects ofcancer Rehabilitation Palliative care: symptom and pain management, Nutritionalsupport Homecare Hospicecare StomalTherapy Specialtherapies Psycho socialaspects Nursingprocedures Alternatetherapies Drugs used in treatment ofoncological 		Drug book Lecture cum discussion Topic presentation Posting to cancer Hospital/ unit Structured discussion Seminar	Assessment of skills with check list
II	Describe the disorders of breast and breast cancer. Demonstrate skill in giving nursing care to patients with breast disorders	disorders Nursing Management of patients with disorders of Breast a) Assessment ofbreast - History - Physicalexamination - Diagnostictests - Breast selfexamination b) Disorders ofbreast - Mastitis - Breastabscess - Gynaecomastia - Tumors and Malignancy ofbreast c) Nursing management of a patient after mastectomy.	5	Lecture cum discussion Models and exhibits	Short answer Objective type Essay
Ш	Describe the various diseases and disorders of integumentary system and their management. Demonstrate skill in providing care to the clients with disorders of integumentry system	Nursing Management of patient with diseases and disorders of integumentary system a) NursingAssessment - History - Physicalassessment b) Etiology c) Pathophysiology d) Clinicalmanifestions e) Nursing management of disorders of skin and itsappendages - Lesions andabrasions - Infection and infestationsDermititis - Dermatoses; infectious and Non infectious - Inflammatorydermatoses - AcneVulgaris	5	Lecture cum discussion Explain using Charts, graphs models, films, slides	Essay type Short answers Object type Assessment of skills with check list
Unit No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Method of Teaching	Assessment methods

		- Allergies andEczema			
		- Psoriasis			
		- MalignantMelanoma			
		- Alopecia			
		- Infestations			
		- Bacterialinfections			
		- Pyoderma			
		- Impetigo - Folliculitis			
		- Furuncles			
		- Carbuncles			
		- Viralinfections			
		- Herpeszoster			
		- Herpessimplex			
		- Fungalinfection			
		- Athlete's foot (Tanta Pedi's)			
		- Parasiticinfestation			
		- Pediculosis			
		- Scabies			
		- Pemphigus			
		- Stevens - Johnsonsyndrome			
		- Skincancer			
		- Special dermatologicaltherapies			
		f) Burn and itsmanagement			
		- Burns PlasticSurgery			
		- Incidence, causes ofburns			
		 Types & classification of burns 			
		- Pathophysiology			
		- Calculation of thepercentage			
		- Local & systematic effects ofburns			
		- Immediatecare			
		ImmediatecareFirst aidcare			
		ImmediatecareFirst aidcareMedical Management, barrier nursing			
		 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns 			
		ImmediatecareFirst aidcareMedical Management, barrier nursing			
		 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation 			
		 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery 			
		 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery 			
		 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types 			
		 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps 			
		 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication 			
		 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive 			
		 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive surgery 			
		 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive 			
		 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive surgery Post operativecare HealthEducation 			
		 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive surgery Post operativecare 			
		 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive surgery Post operativecare HealthEducation h) Alternatetherapies 			
Unit	Learning	 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive surgery Post operativecare HealthEducation h) Alternatetherapies i) Drugs used in treatment of integumentary disorders 		Methodof	Assessment
Unit No.	Learning Objectives	 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive surgery Post operativecare HealthEducation h) Alternatetherapies i) Drugs used in treatment ofintegumentary 	Hr.	Methodof Teaching	Assessment methods
	Objectives Describe the	 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive surgery Post operativecare HealthEducation h) Alternatetherapies i) Drugs used in treatment of integumentary disorders Content Ophthalmology And Ophthalmic Nursing 	Hr. 10	Teaching Lecture cum	
No.	Objectives Describe the disorder and	 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive surgery Post operativecare HealthEducation Alternatetherapies Drugs used in treatment of integumentary disorders Content Ophthalmology And Ophthalmic Nursing a) Review of anatomy and physiology ofeye 		Teaching	methods Short answer
No.	Objectives Describe the	 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive surgery Post operativecare HealthEducation Alternatetherapies Drugs used in treatment of integumentary disorders 		Teaching Lecture cum discussion	methods
No.	Objectives Describe the disorder and diseases of eye	 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive surgery Post operativecare HealthEducation Alternatetherapies Drugs used in treatment of integumentary disorders Content Ophthalmology And Ophthalmic Nursing a) Review of anatomy and physiology ofeye b) Assessment of function ofeyes. History 		Teaching Lecture cum discussion Visit school for	methods Short answer Objective type
No.	Objectives Describe the disorder and diseases of eye Demonstrate	 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive surgery Post operativecare HealthEducation Alternatetherapies Drugs used in treatment of integumentary disorders Ophthalmology And Ophthalmic Nursing Review of anatomy and physiology ofeye Assessment of function ofeyes. History Physicalexam 		Teaching Lecture cum discussion	methods Short answer
No.	Objectives Describe the disorder and diseases of eye Demonstrate skill in giving	 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive surgery Post operativecare HealthEducation htternatetherapies Drugs used in treatment of integumentary disorders Ophthalmology And Ophthalmic Nursing Review of anatomy and physiology ofeye Assessment of function ofeyes. History Physicalexam Diagnostic tests-tonometry, Snellen'schart 		Teaching Lecture cum discussion Visit school for the blind	methods Short answer Objective type Essay
No.	Objectives Describe the disorder and diseases of eye Demonstrate skill in giving care for patients	 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive surgery Post operativecare HealthEducation halternatetherapies Drugs used in treatment of integumentary disorders Ophthalmology And Ophthalmic Nursing Review of anatomy and physiology ofeye Assessment of function ofeyes. History Physicalexam Diagnostic tests-tonometry, Snellen'schart Infections and Inflammations conditions 		Teaching Lecture cum discussion Visit school for	methods Short answer Objective type Essay Return
No.	Objectives Describe the disorder and diseases of eye Demonstrate skill in giving care for patients with various	 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive surgery Post operativecare HealthEducation h) Alternatetherapies i) Drugs used in treatment of integumentary disorders Content Ophthalmology And Ophthalmic Nursing a) Review of anatomy and physiology of eye b) Assessment of function of eyes. History Physicalexam Diagnostic tests-tonometry, Snellen'schart c) Infections and Inflammations conditions Blepharitis 		TeachingLecture cum discussionVisit school for the blindVisit to eye bank	methods Short answer Objective type Essay
No.	Objectives Describe the disorder and diseases of eye Demonstrate skill in giving care for patients	 Immediatecare First aidcare Medical Management, barrier nursing care of theburns Complications, Healtheducation g) Plastic Surgery Define plastic & reconstructive surgery Types Define skin graft flaps Possiblecomplication Preparation of patient forconstructive surgery Post operativecare HealthEducation halternatetherapies Drugs used in treatment of integumentary disorders Ophthalmology And Ophthalmic Nursing Review of anatomy and physiology ofeye Assessment of function ofeyes. History Physicalexam Diagnostic tests-tonometry, Snellen'schart Infections and Inflammations conditions 		Teaching Lecture cum discussion Visit school for the blind	methods Short answer Objective type Essay Return

- Entropion	Association for	
- Ectopion	the blind	
- Dacrocystitis		
- Conjunctivitis	Eye bank	
- Trachoma	Demonstration	
- Pterydium		
- Keratitis		
- Cornealulcer		
d) Degenerative Conditions		
- Cataract		
- Retinopathy		
- Retinaldetachment		
e) Miscellaneous		
- Strabismus		
- Refractiveerrors		
- Tumors		
- Colorblindness		
- NighBlindness		
- Total blindness		
f) Preventive and Rehabilitative aspects		
g) National programs on Blindness andtrachoma		
h) Current trends in Management of Ophthalmic		
conditions		
- Hospital cornealretrieval		
- Griefcounseling.		
- EyeCollection		
- Counselling		
 Obtaining consent for eyedonation 		
i) Eye banking inIndia		
-		
~ .		
r) Drugs used in treatment of eye disorders		
 i) Eye banking mindra j) OcularEmergencies Glaucoma Foreignbody Acid / Alkaliburns Trauma to theeye k) EyeImmigration Instillation of eye drops andointment m) Cold and hotcompress n) Eye dressing andbandage o) Assisting for sacsyringing p) Assisting for removal of foreignbody q) Alternatetherapies r) Drugs used in treatment of eye disorders 		

Unit	Learning			Methodof	Assessment
No.	Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching	methods
V	Describe disorders	Nursing Management of Patientwith	15	Lecture cum	Short answer
•	and diseases of ear,	Disorders and Diseases of Ear, Noseand	10	discussion	
	nose and throat.	Throat			Objective type
		Ear		Clinical teaching	
	Demonstrate	a) Review of Anatomy and physiology of Ear			Essay
	skills in Providing	b) Assessment of function ofear		Demonstration	
	nursingcare	- History		Videos, charts	Return
	for patients with	- Earexamination			demonstration
	various ENT	- Diagnostictests			
	problems.	c) Diseases and disorders of theear			
		External ear			
		- Otitis			
		- Foreignbody			
		- Impactedcerement			
		- Furunculosis Middle ear			
		- Otitismedia			
		- Mastoiditis			
		- Perforation of eardrum			
		Internal ear			
		- Presycusis			
		- Labryinthitis			
		- Meniere'sdisease			
		- Otosclerosis			
		Deafness			
		- Conductivedeafness			
		- Neuraldeafness			
		Tumors of the ear and auditory nerve Insufflations of Eustachian tube			
		Nose			
		a) Review of Anatomy and physiology ofnoseb) Assessment of functions ofnose			
		- History			
		- Examination ofnose			
		- Diagnostictests			
		c) Diseases and disorders ofnose			
		Infections			
		- Rhinitis			
		- Sinusitis			
		- Obstruction			
		- Polyps			
		Foreign body Deviated			
		nasal septum Trauma – fracture of nasal bone			
		and epitaxies			
		Throat a) Review of Anatomy and physiology of Throat			
		a) Keview of Anatomy and physiology of Throat	1		

Unit	Learning			Method of	Assessment
No.	Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching	methods
		 b) Assessment of the function ofthroat History Examination ofthroat Diagnostictests c) Diseases and disorders of throatinfections and inflammation Tonsillitis Pharyngitis Adenoiditis Laryngitis Tumors Injury and foreignbody Alternatetherapies Drugs used in treatment of ENTdisorders 			
VI	Describe cardiovascular circulatoryand Hematological disorders and diseases. Demonstrates skill in carrying nursing interventions for clients with circulatory and hematological disorders and diseases.	NursingManagementofPatientwithcardio vascular, circulatory and Hematological disorders Cardio Vascular a) Review of anatomy and physiology ofheart and circulatorysystem b) Assessment of functions of heart and vascular system - History - Physical exam - Diagnostictests c) Diseases and disorders of cardio vascular system - Coronary Arterydisease - Arrhythmia - Coronary Arterydisease - Arginapectoris - Coronary arterydisease - Anginapectoris - Coronary arterydisease - Myocardialinfarction - Valvular heartdisease - Mitralstenosis - Aorticstenosis, - Incompetence,regurgitation - Tricuspidstenosis - Pulmonarystenosis - Inflammation andinfections - Pericarditis, Myocarditis,Endocarditis - Rheumaticfever - Heartblock - Complication of heartdisease - AcuteHeartfailure(PulmonaryEdema) - Chronic (Congestive Cardiacfailure) - Cardiogenicshock			

Unit	Learning	Content	Hr.	Methodof	Assessment
No.	Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching	methods
		Pericardial effusion, cardiactamponade	28	Lecture cum	Short answer
		- Cardiacemergencies		discussion	
		Cardiacarrest			Objective type
		Shock		Demonstration	
		- Vasculardisorders			Essay type
		Arterialdisorders Berger's disease (TAO)		Clinical	Datum
		 Berger's disease(TAO), Arterialulcers, 		teaching	Return demonstration
		Arteriosclerosis,			demonstration
		 Aneurysm, 		Videos,	
		Thrombosis andemboli,			
		Raynaud'sdisease		Simulation	
		Hypertension			
		- Venousdisorder			
		Deep Vein Thrombosis(DVT)			
		Venousinsufficiency			
		Venousulcer			
		Varicosevein			
		Cellulitis			
		Lymphaticdisorders			
		Lymphangitis &Lymphadenitis			
		Lymphedema &elephantiasis			
		Hematological disorders			
		a) Review of function and structure of blood			
		components			
		- Assessment			
		- History			
		- Physicalexamination			
		- Diagnostictests			
		b) Diseases and disorders of blood and its			
		components			
		- Anemia - Thalassemia			
		- Polycythemia			
		- Leukopenia and neutropenia			
		- Leukocytosis & leukemia			
		- Lymphomas Hodgkin & NonHodgkin			
		diseases, Multiple myeloma			
		- Bleedingdisorders			
		- Thrombocytopenia,			1
		- Purpura,hemophilia			
		- Acquiredcoagulation			
		- Disorders – Liver disease, VitaminK			
		deficiency, DIC			1
		c) Alternatetherapies			1
		d) Drugs used in treatment of cardiovascular			1
		circulatory and hematology disorders			
Unit No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Methodof Teaching	Assessment methods
VII	Describe	Nursing Management of Patients with	10	Lecture cum	Short answer
	the nursing	communicable diseases		discussion	
	management of	a) Assessment			Objective type
	patients with	- History		Roleplav	
	communicable	- Physicalexamination			Essay type
		- Diagnostic tests		Participate in	Essay type
	communicable			Participate in immunization	Assesment with clinical

skill in providing	c) Preparation, care and administration of anti	campaign	checklist
interventions	sera andvaccinesIsolation,		
for patients with	d) Management of various infection diseases		
communicable	caused by Virus;		
the nurse's			
role invarious	- Measles		
national control/	- Chicken pox		
Eradication	- Swine flu		
Programmeof	- Ebola		
communicable	- Dengue		
diseases.	- Chicken guinea		
	- Influenza		
	- Mumps		
	- Encephalitis		
	- Infectivehepatitis		
	- Poliomyelitis		
	- Rabies		
	- AIDS		
	Caused by Bacteria;		
	- Diphtheria		
	- Whoopingcough		
	- Tetanus		
	- Typhoid		
	- Dysentery		
	- Gastroenteritis		
	- Cholera		
	- MeningococcalMeningitis		
	- Tuberculosis		
	- Plague		
	- Leptospirosis		
	Vector borne diseases;		
	- Malaria		
	- Filariasis		
	- Yellowfever		
	 Dengue Any other prevailing diseases 		
	e) Alternate therapies		
	f) Drugs used in treatment of communicable		
	disorders		

Unit	Learning	a		Methodof	Assessment
No.	Objectives	Content	Hr. Teaching		methods
VIII	Describe various sexually transmitted diseases. Demonstrates skills in syndromic management of sexually transmitted diseases.	 Nursing Management of Patients with Sexually Transmitted deiseases a) Assessment History Physicalexamination Diagnostictests b) Sex health andhygiene c) Syndromic Management of sexually transmitteddisease Gonorrhea Syphilis Granuloma Venerium Chanchroidgranuloma AIDS 	with 05 Lecture cum discussion Video		Short answer Objective type Essay type
IX	Describe various musculo skeletal disorders and diseases. Demonstrate skills in management of musculo skeletal diseases.	 Genitalherpes Nursing Management of Patients with musculo skeletal disorders and diseases a) Review of Anatomy and Physiology of musculo skeletal system b) Assessment History Physical examination Diagnostic tests c) Infections andinflammations Septicarthritis Gonococcalarthritis Osteomyelitis Tuberculosis of the spine andbones Sprains Dislocations Fracture of spine andextremities d) Degenerative conditions of joints, spine e) Tumors, Amputation andprosthesis f) Deformities - Congenital andacquired g) Range of motionexercises h) Care ofpatient: Skin and skeletaltraction Orthopedicsplints i) POP application andremoval j) Neurogenicbladder k) Preparation for bone surgery l) Use of orthopedic assist devices Crutches Canes Walker m) Alternatetherapies n) Drugs used in treatment ofmusculo-skeletal disorders disorders 	10	Lecture cum discussion Clinical teaching Demonstration	Short answer Objective type Essay type

Unit No.	Learning Objectives	Content	Content Hr. Methodof Teaching		Assessment methods
X	Describe the role of nurse in medical surgical emergencies Demonstrate skill in meeting medical surgical emergencies.	 Emergency Management a) Scope and practice of emergencynursing Principles of emergencycare Triage b) Medical SurgicalEmergencies c) Airwaysobstruction Hemorrhage Shock, Anaphylactic reaction, Allergies Trauma – intra abdominal, crush injuries, multiple injuresfractures Poisoning Ingestedpoisoning Inhaledpoisoning Foodpoisoning Injected poisons – Stinginginsects Snake bites Chemicalburns Environmentalemergencies: Heatstroke Frostbite. Neardrowning Hanging 	10	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Preparing emergency trolley - Demonstration of CPR - Defibrillation Videos & Films Simulation Roleplay	Short answer Objective type Essay type Return demonstration
XI	Identify the role of nurses in emergency and disasters. Demonstrate beginning skill in managing the Emergencies and disasters.	 Emergency and Disaster Nursing a) Naturalcalamities Flood Earthquake Volcaniceruptions b) Man-madedisaster Explosion War Fire Accidents Community resources available tomeet calamities e) Nurses role in disastermanagement 	05	Lecture cum discussion Role play Mock drill INC: Disaster management module: Reaching out: nursing care	Short answer Objective type Essay type

MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING- PRACTICAL

Placement- SecondYear

Time: 800 hours (20weeks)

General objectives:

Students are able to apply nursing process and provide comprehensive nursing care to the clients with various medical and surgical conditions

Specific objectives; students are able to;

- 1. Comprehend the causes, signs and symptoms, treatment and prevention of various medical, surgical conditions.
- 2. Apply the theoretical knowledge to appropriate clinical nursingpractice.
- **3**. Identify the problems and needs, prioritize them and provide comprehensive nursing care by applying nursingprocess
- 4. Demonstrate skills in carrying out nursing techniques, procedures in keeping with scientificprinciples.
- 5. Demonstrate skills in respective clinicalspecialty.
- 6. Interpret and carry out the pharmacologicalintervention,
- 7. Identify the deviation from normal in the diagnostic value.
- 8. Plan and participate in rehabilitation of patient and family.

Area	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assignment	Assessment methods
General medical wards (resp.,GI, Endo., hemato, neuro, renal)	3 wks	• Provide nursing care to adult patients with medical disorders	 Assessment ofpatient Takehistory Perform general &specific physical examination Identify alterationsand deviations Identify alterationsand deviations Practice medical-surgical asepsis-standard safety measures. Administermedications Oral Sub-lingual Intra-dermal Subcutaneous Intravenous Intravenous therapy IVcanulation Maintenance &monitoring 	 Plan & implement care for assigned patients Nursingcare plan 1 Nursing case study-1 or presentation-1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist
Area	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assignment	Assessment methods

		• Counsel and educate patients and family	 Nebulization Chest physiotherapy Naso-gastricfeeding Assist in common diagnostic procedures Perform/assist in therapeutic procedures Transfusion of Blood & its components Throatsuctioning ETsuctioning Collect specimens for common investigations Maintainelimination Catheterization Educate & counselpatient & family regardingspecific disease conditions. 	 Drugstudy presentation-1 Maintaindrug book Maintain practical recordbook 	 Evaluation of case study presentation Completion of practical record
General surgical wards (GI and Urinary)	3 weeks	 Provide pre &post- operative nursingcare to adult patients with surgical disorders Educate & counsel patients and families 	 Practice medical-surgical asepsis-standardsafety. Pre-operative preparation of patient Post-operativecare Receiving Assessment Monitoring Care of wounds anddrainage Sutureremoval Ambulation & exercises Naso-gastricaspiration Care of chestdrainage Ostomycare Gastrostomy Enterostomy Transfusion of Blood & its components practice universal precautions 	 Plan & implement care for assigned patients Nursingcare plan 1 Nursing case study-1 or presentation-1 Drugstudy presentation-1 Maintaindrug book Maintain practical recordbook 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of case study presentation Completion of practical record
Operation theater	3 weeks	• Identify instrum- ents used in different operations	 Perform scrubbing, gowning, gloving Identify instruments, suturing materials for common operations. Disinfection, carbolization sterilization & fumigation 	 Assist as a scrub nurse for 5 major and 5 minor cases. 	Assess skill with check list
Area	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assignment	Assessment methods

		 Set-up the table/ trolleys for common operative procedures Assist in the operative procedu-res Provide peri- operative nursingcare 	 Prepare the OT table depending upon the operation Positioning and monitoring ofpatient Assisting with minor & majoroperations Handlingspecimens Segregation and disposal of biomedical waste as per guidelines 		
ICU	1 week	 Gain proficien- cy in ICU nursing Identify potential problem and provide care accordin-gly Record findings and medicati-ons accurately Developgood IPR with patient & family. 	 Connect and monitor ECG & pulseoxymetry Assist in endo-tracheal intubation Suctioning -provide care for a patient onventilator Handling emergency drug trolly / crashcart. Assisting in insertion of central line andmonitoring Central venouspressure. 	 ETsuction-ing O2 adminis- tration 	Assess skill with check list
Geriatic nursing – medical / surgical / special ward	1 week	 Identify specific problems related to the elderly Assist in the activities of dailyliving Providecom- prehensive nursing care 	 Assessment of the geriatric Identify thehealth problems among the elderly (psychological, social and spiritual needs of the elderly) and provide specific care Health promotion of the elderly 	Health teaching - 1	Assess skill with check list
Oncolo-gy Unit	1 week	• Provide carefor patients with cancer.	 Screen for commoncancers Tumor Node Metastasis (TNM) classification. Assist with diagnostic procedures. Biopsies. Papsmear 	• Provide care to assigned patients.	 Assess each Skill with checklist. Assess performance with rating scale.
Area	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assignment	Assessment methods

		• Counsel and educate patient andfamilies.	 Bone-morrowaspiration. Assist with therapeutic procedures. Observe various modalities of treatment. Chemotherapy Radiotherapy Painmanagement Stomacare Hormonaltherapy Immunotherapy Genetherapy Alternativetherapy Participate in palliativecare. Counsel and teach patients families. 	• Observation report of cancer unit	 Evaluation of care plan and observation report. Completion of activity record.
Dermato- logy and burns	1 week	 Provide careto patients with dermatol-ogy disorder and Burn. Counsel and educate patient andfamilies. 	 Assessment of the burn patient. Percentage ofburns. Degree ofburns. Dressing Fluid & electrolyte replacementtherapy Assess Calculate Replace Record Intake/output Assessment and care of patients with dermatologicaldisorders. Administer topicalmedications Give medicatedBaths Perform active & passive exercises. Practice medical & surgical asepsis. Counsel & Teach patients and families 	 Providecare to assigned patients. Health talk -1 	 Assess each skill with checklist. Assess performance with rating scale.
Ophthalm- ology	1 week	 Provide careto patients with Eyedisorders. Counsel and educate patient andfamilies. 	 Perform examination ofeye. Assist with diagnostic procedures. Assist with therapeutic procedures. Perform/assist withirrigations. Apply eyebandage. 	• Provide careto 2-3 assigned patients assessment using snellen's chart	• Assess each skill with checklist Assess performance with rating scale.

Area	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assignment	Assessment methods
			 Apply eyedrops/ointments. Teach patients andfamilies. 	 Observation reports of OPD &Eye bank. Assist in organizing eye camp 	• Evaluation of observation report of OPD/Eye bank.
ENT	1 week	 Provide care to patients with ENT disorders Counsel and educate patient and families 	 Perform examination of ear, nose andthroat. Assist with therapeutic procedures. Instillation ofdrops. Perform/assist with irrigations. Apply earbandage. Perform tracheostomycare. Health education topatients and families. 	• Provide care to assigned patients.	• Assess each Skill with checklist.
Cardiology ward / ICCU / cardiotho- racic and vascular unit	2 weeks	 Provide care of patients with cardiac and vascular disorders Counsel and educate patients and families 	 Perform cardiovascular assessment Recording ECG and identify basic changes in ECG Monitoring of patients in on cardiacmonitor Preparing and assisting of frequentlyperformed diagnostic and therapeutic, non –invasive and invasive procedures Administer cardiacdrugs Advanced / Basic Cardiac Life Support(ACLS/BLS) Monitoring and caring for patients with chestdrainage Assist in defibrillation Monitoring of patients in ICU. Maintain flowsheet. Perform Endotracheal suction. Demonstrates use of ventilators, cardiac monitors etc. Physicalexamination Collect specimensand interprets ABG analysis. 	 Plan and give care to patients Health talk –1 Case presentation – 1 	Assessment of performance with rating scale

Area	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assignment	Assessment methods
Orthopedic ward	1 week	 Provide nursing care to patients with musculoskele tal disorders Counsel and educate patient and families 	 Assist with arterialpuncture. Maintain CVPline. Pulseoximetry. CPR -ALS Defibrillators. Bag- maskventilation. Emergency tray/trolly – CrashCart. Administration ofdrugs Infusionpump. Epidural. Intrathecal Intracardiac Total parenteraltherapy Chestphysiotherapy. Perform active &passive exercises Assist in the application of plaster cast and removalof cast Assist in applying skin traction, bucks extension traction Assist in application and removal ofprosthesis Physiotherapy Crutch maneuvering technique 	 Drug presentation - 1 Plan and give care to assigned patients Nursingcare plan - 1 Health talk -1 	 Evaluation of health talk, case presentation and drug presentation. Assessment of performance with rating scale Evaluation of health talk, case presentation and drug presentation
Communi- cable diseases ward / isolation ward	1 week	• Provide nursing carefor patients with communi- cable diseases	 Ambulation Assessment of patients with communicablediseases Use of personal protective equipment (PPE)andbarrier nursing Health teaching for prevention of infectious diseases Counseling of HIV/ AIDS patients Counseling of family members 	 Give care for assigned patients Health talk –1 Care plan –1 	 Assessment of performance with rating scale Evaluation of health talk, case presentation and drug presentation
Area	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assignment	Assessment methods

Emergency ward / casualty	1 week	 Provide care to patients in emergency and disaster situation. Counsel patient and relatives for grief and bereave-ment 	 Practice 'triage". Assist with assessment, examination, investigation & their interpretation, in emergency and disaster situations. Provide firstaid ACLS /BLS Assist in legal documentations and procedures in emergency unit. Counsel patient and families grief andbereavement. Practice 'triage". Practice 'triage". 	• Assess Performance with rating scale.
---------------------------------	--------	---	---	--

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING

Placement- SecondYear

Time-70hours

Total Hours - 70

Course Description:-

This course is designed to help students develop the concept of mental health and mental illness, its causes, symptoms, prevention, treatment modalities and nursing management of mentally ill for individual, family and community.

General Objective:-

Upon completion of this course, the students shall able to:

- 1. Describe the concept of mental health and mental illness and the emerging trends in psychiatric nursing.
- 2. Explain the causes and factors of mental illness, its prevention and control.
- 3. Identify the symptoms and dynamic of abnormal human behavior in comparison with normal human behavior.
- 4. Demonstration a desirable attitude and skills in rendering comprehensive nursing care to the mentally ill.

Unit.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching Learning Activites	Methods of Assessment
Ι	Describe the concept of mental health and mental illness in relation to providing	 Introduction a) Concept of mental health and mentalillness b) Misconceptions related to mentalillness c) Principles of Mental Healthnursing d) Definition of terms used inpsychiatry e) Review of defensemechanisms f) Mental HealthTeam 	5	Lecture cum discussion Structured discussion Group	Short answers Objective type
	comprehensive care to the patients.			interaction	
Π	Narrate the historical development of Psychiatry andpsychiatric nursing.	 History of Psychiatry a) History of Psychiatric Nursing - India and at internationallevel b) Trends in PsychiatricNursing c) National mental healthprogramme 	4	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer Objective type
III	Describe mental health assessment	Mental Health Assessmenta) Psychiatry historytakingb) Mental statusexaminationc) Interviewtechnique	4	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration	Short answer Objective type Return Demonstration
Unit.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching Learning Activites	Methods of Assessment
IV	Describe therapeutic relationship Demonstrate	 Therapeutic nurse-patient relationship: a) Therapeutic nurse patientrelationship: Definition, components and phases, Importance b) Communication skills Definitionelements, 	5	Lecture cum discussions Role play	Short answers Return demonstration

V	skills in process recording List various mental disorders and describe their mental and psychiatric and nursing management.	 types, factors influencing communication, barriers (therapeuticimpasse) Mental Disorders and Nursing Interventions a) Psycho-Pathophysiology of humanbehavior b) Etiological theories (genetics,biochemical, psychologicaletc) c) Classification of mentaldisorders. d) Disorders of thought, motoractivity, perception, mood, speech, memory, concentration,judgment e) Prevalence, etiology, signs and symptoms, prognosis, medical and Nursing management f) Personality & types of personality related to psychiatricdisorder g) Organic mental disorders: Delirium, Dementia f) Psychoticdisorders: Schizophrenicdisorders Mood (affective) disorders: Mania depression, Bipolar affective disorders, disorders, depressive compulsive disorders, depressive neurosis, conversion disorders, dissociative reaction, psychosomatic disorders, psychosomatic disorders, psychosomatic disorders, psychosomatic disorders, psychosomatic disorders, psychosomatic disorders, and de-addiction: alcohol, tobacco and other psychoactivesubstance 	25	Videos Demonstration of process recording Lecture cum discussions Case study Case Presentation Process recording Videos Role plays Field visits- De-addiction centers, Alcohol Anonyms group, Adolescent clinics, Child guidance centers etc	Short answers Essay types Case Study Case Presentation
		 k) Nursing Management: Nursing process and process recording in caring for patientswith various psychiatric disorders 			
Unit.	Learning Objectives	Content	Hr.	Teaching Learning	Methods of Assessment
VI	Describe the Bio – psychosocial therapies and explain the role of the nurse	 Bio - Psycho & Social Therapies a) Psychopharmacology - Definition, classification of drugsantipsychotic, Antidepressant, antimanic, antianxiety agents, antiparkinsons b) Psychosocial therapies - individual therapies, group therapy, behavior therapy, occupational therapy, family therapy,melieu therapy c) Role of nurse in thesetherapies. d) Somatic therapy - ElectroConvulsive Therapy, insulin therapy, e) Role of nurse in thesetherapies. 	12	Activites Lecture cum discussions Seminar Videos Demonstration Field visits- Rehabilitation centre, Day care centres	Short Answers Essay types Return demonstration Quiz Drug study
VII	Describe the conceptof preventive	Community Mental Health a) Concept, importance, scope	5	Role plays Lecture cum discussion	Short answers Essay type

	community mental health services. Enumerate the nurse'srole in National mental health programme	 b) Attitudes , Stigma and discrimination related to the mentallyill c) Prevention of mental illness(Preventive Psychiatry) during childhood,adolescent, adult hood and oldage. d) Community Mental HealthServices. e) Role of Nurse in national mental health programme and Psychiatric carein Community 		Role play Videos	Assignment
VIII	Explain different psychiatric emergencies and their management Demonstrate skills in crisis intervention	 Psychiatric Emergencies and Crisis Intervention a) Types of Psychiatric emergencies: Over Active, under active patient, Violent behaviour, b) Suicide, adverse drug reactions, withdrawal symptoms, Acute psychosisetc c) Crisis and its intervention: AIDS, Adolescent Crisis 	5	Lecture cum discussion Videos Role plays Demonstration	Short answers Objective Type Essay type
IX	Describe the legalaspects to be keptin mind in the care of mentally ill patients.	 Forensic Psychiatry / Legal Aspects a) India Lunatic Act1912 b) Narcotic Drugs and psychotropic Act 1965, 1985 c) Mental Health Act 1987,2014 d) Admission and dischargeprocedures e) Standards of psychiatric nursingpractice. f) Rights of Mentally illpatients g) Legal responsibilities in the care ofmentally ill patients. 	5	Lecture cum discussions Demonstration	Short answers Essay type Objective Quiz

Mental Health Nursing- Practical

Placement-Secondyear

Time–320hrs(8weeks) Internship96hrs(2weeks)

Areas	Duration	Objectives	Skill	Assignments	Assessment methods
Psychiatric OPD	3 weeks	 Assess patients with mental health problems Observe and assist in therapies Counselandeducate patients, and families 	 Historytaking Perform mental status examination Assist in pyschometric assessment Observe and assist in therapies Teach patients and familymembers 	 Historytaking-1 Mentalstatus examination-2 Observation report of OPD-1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Assessment of observation report Completionof activity record
Child guidance clinic	1 week	 Assessment of children with various mental healthproblem's Counselandprovide health education for children, families and significant others 	 Historytaking Perform mental status examination Observe and assist in therapies Health education of family members and significantothers Counselfamily members and significant others 	Observation report of child guidanceclinic	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Assessment of observation report
Inpatient ward	6 weeks	 Assess patients with mental health problems Provide nursing care for patients with various mental healthproblems 	 Historytaking Perform mental status examination Observe and assist in therapies Provide nursing care to the mentally ill patient Health educate family members and significantothers 	 Assess & give nursing care to 2-3 patients with various mental disorders Historytaking-1 Mentalstatus examination-2 Casestudy-1 Care plan-1 Case presentation-1 Process recording-2 Maintaindrug book 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Assessment of the case study, case presentation, process recording and careplan

CHILD HEALTH NURSING

Placement-Secondyear

CourseDescription:-

This course is designed to help students develop and understanding of the concept of child health, the trends in child care and the health problems of children. This shall enable the students to meet the needs of the children, in health and sickness.

GeneralObjective:-

Upon completion of this course, the students shall able to:

- 1. Explain the concept of child health, the principles underlying child care trends in pediatricnursing.
- 2. Describe normal growth and development of children, so as to recognize deviations for normal health and care of healthychildren
- 3. Demonstration skill in meeting the needs of the sick infants and children based on the IMNCI guidelines of GoI

Unit No.	Learning objective	Content	Hours	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
Ι	Understand theconcept of the child healthcare, trends & emerging challenges for pediatric nurses Describe the role of pediatric nurses in clinics, hospitals and community	 Introduction a) Modern concept in childhealth care b) Trends in pediatricnursing c) Role of pediatric nurses in child care d) Emerging challenges, nursing process related to pediatric nursing e) Concept of preventivepediatric f) Vital statistics related to pediatrics as per the NRHSand GoI 	5	Lecture cum discussions Project on collection of vital statistics related to child health	Short answers Objective type Essay type
Π	Describe the normal growth & development of children	Growth &Development a) Definition, principles, factors affecting growth &development, techniques of assessment, plotting of growthchart	15	Lecture cum discussions Role play Videos Plotting of growth chart	Short answers Objective type Essay type

Total Hours: 70

Time - 70hour

Unit No.	Learning objective	Content	Hours	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
		 b) Infant: Growth & Development, health promotion, breast feeding &weaning, immunization, infant and young child feeding c) Toddler : Growth & Development, nutrition counselling, toilet training, safety, prevention of accidents, play. d) Preschoolers Growth & development Daycare centers Role of Parents in sex education e) School ager Growth & development, rest, sleep, physical exercises & activity, dental health, sex education f) Adolescent Growth & development, adaptation to puberty, menstrual hygiene, nutritional guidance, sexeducation, Role of Parents in health promotion ofadolescents Control of irondeficiency anemia (WIFSguidelines) 			
III	Describe the role of nurse in caring for a sick child Develop skill in carrying out nursing intervention while caring for pediatric age group.	 The sick child a) Child's reaction tohospital b) Effect of hospitalization on the family of thechild c) Role of nurse in helping child & family in coping, with stress of hospitalization & illness Pediatric procedures: a) Preparation of child for diagnostic tests, collection of specimens. b) Calculation & Administration of oral & parenteralmedication c) Procedures related to feeding Katori&Spoon Ryle's tube & gastrostomy 	8	Lecture cum discussions Demonstration Simulation Role play	Short answers Objective type Essay type Return demonstration
Unit No.	Learning objective	Content	Hours	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods

VI Unit No.	Demonstrate skills in providing comprehensive nursing care to children with various disorders & diseases	extrophy of bladder, phimosis & paraphimosis, cryptorchidism, polycystic kidney - Sexual abnormalities, ambiguousgenitalia - Defects of cardio vascular system, cyanotic and acyanotic- TOF (Tetralogy of Fallouts), TGV (Transposition of Great Vessels), TAPVC, ASD, VSD, Coactation of aorta,PDA - Orthopedic abnormalities - congenital talipusequinovarus, congenital dislocation ofhips - Chromosomalabnormalities - Down's syndrome, Turner's syndrome. Children with various disorders and diseases Etiology, signs and symptoms, complications, prevention, medical, surgical &nursing management of : a) RenalSystem - NephroticSyndrome - AcuteGlomerulonephritis - ARF &CRF b) Resp. System - URI andLRI - Asthma,Pneumonia c) GI System - Intestinal obstruction (Mechanical) - Hirschsprung'sdisease - MalabsorptionSyndrome - appendicitis, Meckel's divertculum, ulcerative colitis - Worminfestation	15 Hours	Lecture cum discussions Presentation Clinical teaching, Simulation, Videos, Visit to Blind, Deat& dumb school & rehabilitation centre Teaching learning activities	Short answers Objective type Essay type Assessment methods
		cryptorchidism, polycystic kidneySexual abnormalities, ambiguousgenitalia			

	1		
	d) CVSSystem		
	- Rheumaticfever		
	- CCF		
	- Infectiveendocarditis		
	e) HematologicalSystem		
	- Anemia		
	- Leukemia,		
	- Thalassemia		
	- Hemophilia		
	- Sickle cellanemia		
	- Thrombocytopenicpurpura		
	f) NeurologicalSystem		
	- Meningitis		
	- Encephalitis		
	- Convulsivedisorders		
	- Cranio-cerebraltrauma		
	g) Endocrine		
	- Pituitarydisorders		
	- Hypo &Hyperthyroidism		
	- JuvenileDiabetes		
	- Adrenaldisorders		
	h) Developmentalproblem		
	- Handicappedchildren		
	- MentalRetardation		
	- Dyslexia		
	- Hearing & Visionimpairment		
	i) Others:		
	- Fluid and electrolyteimbalance		
	- Burns		
	j) Problems with locomotion:		
	- Poliomyelitis		
	- Osteomyelitis		
	- Kyphosis, lordosis, scoliosis		
	- Fractures		
	k) Pre and post operative careof		
	children undergoingsurgery.		
I	ennaren undergenigsurgery.		

Unit No.	Learning objective	Content	Hours	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
VII	Describe the various child welfare services provided by Governmental &non Governmental agencies Explain the ethical & legal implication in pediatric nursing	 Child welfare services a) Child welfare services and agencies: ICDS Mid-day mealprogram Balwadi,anganwadi Day carecenters NPSP b) Law pertaining toPediatrics: National child labourpolicy Childact. Juvenile justiceact Internationally acceptedrights of thechild Rehabilitation of delinquent & destitutechildren Adolescent healthprograms menstrual hygiene, WIFS program, adolescent safety program 	6	Lecture cum discussions Visit to anganwadi schools, remand homes & adoption centers	Short answers Objective type Essay type

Child Health Nursing- Practical

Placement-Thirdyear

Time – 320 hrs (8weeks) Internship96hrs(2weeks)

Areas	Duration	Objectives	Skill	*Assignments	Assessment methods
Paediatric medicine ward	3 weeks	 Performphysical assessment Assistindiagnostic procedure and post carerelated to diagnostic procedure Administer the drugs • Provide healtheducation Perform basic resuscitation 	 Taking pediatric History Performphysical examination and assessment of children Administration of oral, I/M, & I/V, medicine/fluid Calculation of fluid requirements Preparedifferent strengths of I.V. fluids Applyrestraints Administer O2 inhalation by differentmethods Feed children by katori (bowl) and spoon,palladaetc. Collect specimens for common investigations Assist with common diagnosticprocedure Teach mothers/ parents on balance diet for child of different agegroup Oralrehydration therapy Feeding &weaning Playtherapy Check vitalsigns Giveenema Insertsuppositories 	Give care to assigned paediatric patients Nursing care plan-1 Case study or Presentation-1 Healthtalk-1	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of Nursing care plan, Case study, Health talk, Case presentation Completionof activity record
Areas	Duration	Objectives	Skill	*Assignments	Assessment methods

Paediatric surgery ward	3 weeks	 Recognize different pediatric surgicalcondition Provide pre and post operative care to children with common paediatricsurgical conditions/ malformation Counseland educate parents 	 Do bowelwash Care forostomies: Colostomy irrigation Ureterostomy Gastrostomy Enterostomy Urinary catheterization and drainage Feeding Nasogastric Gastrostomy Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounddressing Sutureremoval 	 Give care to three assigned paediatric surgical patients Nursingcare plan-1 Case studyor presentation-1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of Nursing care plan, Case study, Case presentation Completionof activity record
Paediatric OPD/ Immuniza- tion room/ well baby clinic / adolescent clinic	4 weeks	 Perform assessment of children, health development and anthropometric Perform immunization Give health education/ nutritional education 	 Assessment of children Healthassessment Developmental assessment Anthropometric assessment Immunization Health/nutritional education 	 Health assessment of thechild Health talk -1 IMNCIModule 	 Assess performance with rating scale Completionof activity record Assessment of the health talk.

MIDWIFERY AND GYNECOLOGICAL NURSING

Placement-ThirdYear

Time- 140hours Midwifery-120 hours Gynecological Nursing- 20hours

MIDWIFERY

Course Description:-

This course is designed to help students acquire knowledge and gain skills to meet the needs of women during pregnancy, labor and puerperium and care for the newborn.

General Objective:-

Upon completion of this course, the students shall able to:

- 1. Describe the health needs of women in pregnancy, labour and puerperium.
- 2. Identify deviation(s) from normal pregnancy, labour and puerperium and take appropriateaction.
- 3. Demonstrate skills in providing antepartum, intrapartum and postpartum care to the mother as well as care to the new born as per the SBA guidelines of Government ofIndia.

Total l	Hours:120
---------	-----------

Unit No.	Learning objectives	Contents	Hr	Teching learning Activities	Assessment methods
Ι	Describe the scope and trends in midwifery	 Introduction: a) Definition of midwifery andobstetrical nursing b) Scope ofmidwifery c) Basic competencies of amidwife d) History ofmidwifery e) Trends of maternity services inIndia f) Vital statistics related to maternalhealth in India. 	4	Lecture cum discussions Videos	Short answers Objective type Essay type
II	Describe the anatomy and physiology of female reproductive system	 Reproductive system a) Review of structure and function of female reproductivesystem b) Female pelvis –structure, types and diameters 	5	Lecture cum discussions Demonstrations Charts, Specimen Models & Objects	Short answers Objective type Essay type Viva
Unit No.	Learning objectives	Contents	Hr	Teching learning Activities	Assessment methods
III	Describe the stages of Embryological and fetal development	 Embryology and foetal development a) Oogenesis, spermatogenesis, fertilization andimplantation. b) Embryology and Fetaldevelopment c) Placenta and membranes: Structure Functions Abnormalities Liquoramni 	8	Lecture cum discussions Charts Models & Objects Specimens	Short answers Objective type Essay type Oral presentation

midwife in caring for a woman in labour Demonstrate skill in conducting the normal delivery d) First stage of labour: - Physiology - Monitoring using partograph and its interpretation - Monitoring using partograph and its interpretation - Care of mother : physical and psychological - Pain management - Setting up of the labour room including newborn corner nit o. Learning objectives e) Secondstage: - Physiology andmechanism	Hr	Case studies Simulation Videos Exercises SBA module of government of India, handbook for staff nurses (Government of India) Teching learning Activities	Essay type Assessment of skill using checklist Assessment methods
 Physiology andmechanism Monitoring Conduction of normaldelivery Episiotomy Essential newborncare f) Thirdstage: Physiology and signs Active management of thirdstage Examination of theplacenta Episiotomysuturing g) Fourthstage: Physiology Care of the mother and baby Postpartum familyplaning 			

	management of normal newborn Development of skill in caring for the normal newborn	 a) Assessment b) Physiologicaladaptation c) Apgarscoring d) Examination for defects e) Breast feeding-BFHI f) Care of newborn -Skin,eyes, buttocksetc g) Bonding and roomingin h) Minor disorders of newborn: Birth marks, rashes,skin Infections, sorebuttocks, Infection ofeyes. 		discussion Demonstrations, Clinical teaching Chart Videos SBA module, ENBC, NSSK, PPIUCD module, handbook for staff nurses of government of India	Objective type Essay type Assessment of skill using checklist
VII	Describe normal pureperium and therole of midwife in the caring for woman in puerperium	 Management of normal puerperium a) Definition and objectives ofcare b) Physiologicalchanges c) Postnatalcounselling d) Lactation andfeeding e) Care during puerperium – breastand perineal care, postnatal exercise, postnatal examination, follow up, family welfare f) Minor ailments and management. g) Family planning 	10	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Simulation Role play SBA module, PPIUCD module, handbook for staff nurses of government of India	Short answers Objective type Essay type Assessment of skill using checklist
Unit No. VIII	Learning objectives	ContentsManagement of complications during pregnancya) Bleeding inpregnancy- Early andlate- Ectopicpregnancy- Abortion- Antepartumhemorrhage- Vesicularmoleb) Hyperemesisgravidarumc) Gestational diabetes mellitusd) Pregnancyinducedhypertension- Preeclampsia- Eclampsiae) Hydromnios – poly andoligof) Pelvic inflammatorydiseasesg) Intra uterine growthretardationh) Postmaturityi) Intra uterinedeathHigh risk pregnancy:- Monitoring- NST,USG- Anemia- Jaundice- Viral- Urinary tractinfections	H r 12	India Teching learning Activities Lecture cum discussions Case presentation Clinical teaching Videos Simulation Case studies and exercises SBA module	Assessment methodsShort answersEssay typeObjective typeAssessment of skill using checklist

IX	Describe the management high risk labour Demonstrate skills in early detection and prompt management of high risk labour	 Diabetes AIDS andSTD's Osteomalacia, Teenagepregnancy ElderlyPrimigravida Multiplepregnancy Multiplepregnancy Management of high risk labour a) Malposition,malpresentations b) Contractedpelvis c) Abnormal uterineactions d) CervicalDystocia e) Premature rupture of membranes, precipitate and prolonged labour, induction of labour obstructedlabour, f) Obstetrics Emergencies-Cord prolapse, cord presentation, amniotic fluid embolism, obstetric shock,rupture of uterus, shoulder dystocia, vasaprevia. 	10	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Bed-side clinic Videos & Charts Clinical teaching IMPAC module of WHO MCPC module of Government of India	Short answers Objective type Essay type Assessment of skill using checklist
Unit No.	Learning objectives	Contents	Hr	Teching learning Activities	Assessment methods
		g) Complications of thirdstagePostpartumHemorrhage			
		 Atonicuterus Injuries to the birthcanal Retained placenta andmembranes Inversion ofuterus 			
X	Describe the puerperal complications Demonstrate skill in the management of complications of puerperium	AtonicuterusInjuries to the birthcanalRetained placenta andmembranes	4	Lecturer cum discussion Demonstration Clinical teaching MCPC module of Government of India	Short answers Objective type Essay type

		 Small fordates Low birthweight Preterm Asphyxia,RDS Sepsis Birth injuries Cephal hematoma Caput succedaneum Facial &Erb's palsy TorticollisHemorrhage Congenitalanomalies Newborn of HIV positivemother, diabeticmother Levels of care inNICU 		NSSK module	
Unit No.	Learning objectives	Contents	Hr	Teching learning Activities	Assessment methods
XII	Describe the obstetric operations and midwife role in assisting with each one	 Obstetric operations a) Definition, indication and careof women undergoing Induction oflabour Manual removal ofplacenta Version Forcepsdelivery Vacuumextraction Caesarean Section Sterilization Destructivesurgeries Amnioinfusion Manual Vaccum Aspiration, Dilatation and Evacuation, Dilatation and Curettage b) Post abortioncare. 	10	Lecture cum discussion Clinical teaching Videos Post abortion care module of GoI	Short answers Objective type Essay type Assessment of skill using checklist
XIII	Describe the midwife's role inthe administration of drugs for women during pregnancy. labour and post parturn period	 Drugs used in obstetrics a) Indication, dose, action, contraindication, side effects and responsibilities in the administration of: Oxytocin Uterotonics Tocolytics Antihypertensives Anticonvulsants Anesthesia andanalgesia b) Drugs used for newborn c) Teratogens – effects of drugs on mother and baby. 	4	Lecture cum discussion Drug presentation	Short answers Objective type Essay type
XIV	Describe the ethical & legal issues related to midwifery	 Ethical and legal aspects related to midwifery a) Maternal and newborn deathreview b) Mother and child trackingsystem 	2	Lecture cum discussion Presentation	Short answers Objective type

GYNECOLOGIAL NURSING

Course objective

The students shall be able to identify different gynecological disorders and diseases and gain skills in providing nursing care to women suffering from them.

General Objective:-

Upon completion of this course, the students shall able to:

1. List different gynecological problems and demonstrate skills in providing nursing care to women suffering from these disorders and diseases.

Unit No	Learning objectives	Content	Hours	Teaching learning activities	Method of assessment
Ι	Define the terms used in gynecology Demonstrate the skills of gynecology history taking, conducting examination & investigation	 Introduction a) Definition ofterms b) History c) Examination d) Investigation 	2	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Videos	Short answers Objective type Essay type Return demonstration
II	Describe the physiology, psychology and pathology of puberty	 Puberty a) Definition b) Development of sex organs in females andsexuality c) Review of menstrualcycle d) Premenstrualsyndrome e) Disorders of menstruation, dysmenorrhoea, cryptomenorrhoea, dysfunctional uterinebleeding 	3	Lecture cum discussion Clinical teaching Videos Charts	Short answers Objective type Essay type
III	Describe the management of coupleswith fertility related problems.	 Fertility and infertility a) Definition b) Causes-both in male andfemale c) Investigation d) Management e) Artificial reproductive techniques 	2	Lecture cum discussion Clinical teaching, Videos Role play	Short answers Objective type Essay type
Unit No	Learning objectives	Content	Hours	Teaching learning activities	Method of assessment
IV	Demonstrate skills in the management of clients with various pelvic infections.	 Pelvic infections a) Vulva – vulvitis,bartholinitis b) Vagina - Vaginitis,Trichomonas vaginitis,Moniliasis, c) Metritis,Salpingitis,Oophritis d) Cervicalerosions e) PelvicAbscess f) Chronicinfection 	4	Lecture cum discussion Clinical teaching Videos Prevention of STI module of NACO	Short answers Objective type Essay type

V	Describe the care of womenwith gynaecological disorders	 g) Pelvic inflammatorydisease h) Pelvictuberculosis i) Sexually TransmittedDiseases Syphilis Gonorrhea Warts HIV j) Syndromic casemanagement Gynaecological disorders a) Retroversion, retro flexion b) Fistulas c) Uterine displacement & prolapse (Procidentia) d) Uterinemalformations e) Cysts andfibroids f) Uterinepolyps g) Tumors of the reproductive tract- benign andmalignant h) Palliative care andrehabilitation 	5	Lecture cum discussion Case Presentation Demonstration	Short answers Objective type Essay type
VI	Describe the care of the woman with breast disorders	 Breast disorders a) Review mastitis, breastengorgement, breastabscess b) Tumors of the breast benign and malignant 	2	Lecture cum discussion Clinical teaching, Videos Role play	Short answers Objective type Essay type
VII	Describe the care of women with menopause	 Menopause a) Definition and physiologicalchanges b) Signs andsymptoms c) Health education and counselling d) Hormone replacement therapy e) Surgicalmenopause 	2	Lecture cum discussion Case histories.	Short answers Objective type Essay type

MIDWIFERY & GYNAECOLOGICAL NURSING- PRACTICAL

Placement: Third Year (Part–I)

Time:560hours Internship: 384 hours

Area	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assignment	Assessment methods
Antenatal clinic / ward	3 weeks	 Assessmentof pregnant women Counsellingof AAntenatalmo- thers 	 Diagnose pregnancy using pregnancy detection kit (preg-card) Antenatal historytaking Physicalexamination Antenatal examination – abdomen and breast Recording weight andBP Hemoglobinestimation Urine testing for sugar and albumin Immunization Assessment of riskstatus Antenatalcounselling Maintenance of antenatal records SBA module 	 Conduct antenatal examinations – 20 Health talk –1 Case study –1 	Verificationof the findings of antenatal examinations Assessment of skills using checklist
Labour room	6 weeks	 Assessthewoman in labour Carry out pervaginal(PV) examinations Monitorwomen in labour Conductnormal deliveries Perform episiotomy and sutureit Resuscitate newborns 	 Assessment of woman in labour Vaginal examinations (PV) and theirinterpretation Monitoring women in labour using thepartograph Caring for women inlabour Setting up of the labour unit including the newborn corner Conduct normal delivery including active management of third stage of labour(AMTSL) Provide essential newborn care Immediatenewborn assessment Resuscitation of the newborn. Assessment of the risk status of thenewborn Episiotomy andsuturing 	 Perform pervaginalex aminations - 5 Conductnormal deliveries - 20 Perform and suture episiotomies -5 Resuscitate newborns - 5 Witnessing abnormal deliveries -5 Casebook recording 	Assessment of clinical performance with rating scale Assessment of each skill with checklist. Practical examination
Area	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assignment	Assessment methods

Operation theatre	2 week	Prepareandassist with caesarean	 Administration of uterotonic drugs –oxytocin , misoprostol Administration of magnesiumsulphate. Maintenance of labourand birthrecords SBA module Preparation for caesarean section and othersurgical 	Assist with caesarean	Assessment of skill with
		section, MTP, tubectomy and other surgical procedures	procedures - Assist in caesareansection - Prepare and assist in MTP procedures - Prepare and assistfor tubectomy	section –2 • Casebook recording	checklist.
Postnatal ward	5 weeks	 Providenursing care to postnatal mother and the baby Counsel and teach mother and family for parenthood 	 Examination and assessment of mother and the baby Identification of deviations Care of postnatalmothers and baby Perinealcare Breastcare Lactationmanagement Breastfeeding Kangaroo mother care (KMC) Immunization Teaching postnatal mother on mother craft, post natal care, exercise, immunization 	 Provide postnatal care to mothers and babies -20 Health talks -1 Case study -1 Case presentation - 1 	Assessment of clinical performance with rating scale Assessment of each skill with checklist. Practical examination
NICU	4 weeks	• Provide nursing care to newborns atrisk	 Newbornassessment Admission ofneonates Feeding of high-risk newborn :- katori spoon, paladai, tube feeding, total parentralnutrition Thermal management of newborns – kangaroo mother care, care of baby in radiant warmer and incubator. Monitoring and care of neonates 	Case study -1 NSSKModule	Assessment of clinical performance with rating scale Assessment of each skill with checklist. Practical examination
Area	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assignment	Assessment methods

			 Administration of medications Intravenoustherapy Assisting in diagnostic procedures Assist in exchange transfusion Care of baby inventilator, phototherapy, Practice infectioncontrol protocols Health education and counselling ofparents Maintenance of records and reports 		
Family welfare clinic	2 week	• Counsel for and provide family welfareservices.	 Family planning counsellingtechniques Insertion ofIUCD Teaching by demonstration on the use of different family planningmethods Arrange for and assist with family planningoperations Maintenance of records and reports 	 IUCDinsertion 5 Familyplanning counselling - 2 	Assessment of clinical performance with rating scale Assessment of each skill with checklist. Practical examination
Gynaeco- logy ward	2 weeks	 Provide care for patients with gynecological disorders. Counsel and educate patient andfamilies. 	 Assist withgynecological examination. Assist and perform diagnostic and therapeutic procedures. Teach women on breast self examination(BSE) Health education on perineal hygiene and prevention of sexually transmittedinfections Pre and post operative care of women undergoing gynecologicalsurgeries Menopausecounseling 	 Providecare to assigned patients. Nursingcare plan- 1. Menopause counseling – 1 	 Assess each skill with checklist. Assess performance with rating scale. Evaluationof care plan.

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING-II

Placement: Third Year (Part –I)

Course Description:-

This course is designed to help students to practice community health nursing for the individual, family and groups at both the urban and rural settings by using concepts and principles of health and community health nursing.

General Objective:-

Upon completion of this course, the studentsshallbeable to:

- 1. Describe the health system and health care services inIndia.
- 2. Identify major health problems, national health programmes and specialized community health services.
- 3. Explain the concept of health team and describe the nurses' role at various levels of health caresetting.
- 4. Demonstrate skills in rendering effective nursing care to the individual, family and groups in all community healthsettings.

Total Hours: 90

Unit	Learning objective	Contents	Hr	Teaching learning Activities	Assessment methods
Ι	Explain the health system in India	Heath system in India Organization and administration of health system in India at a) Centrallevel - UnionMinistry - Directorate General of HealthServices - Central Council ofHealth b) Statelevel - State HealthAdministration - State Ministry ofHealth - State HealthDirectorate c) Districtlevel - SubDivisions - Tehsils/Talukas - Villages - Municipalities &Corporation - Panchayats	10	Lecture cum discussion Organizational chart of various levels Visit to Municipality Office, Panchayat office, Health block office, CHC	Short answer Objective type Essay type
Unit	Learning objective	Contents	Hr	Teaching learning Activities	Assessment methods
II	Describe the health care services in India and discuss the	Health care delivery systema) Heath care concept andtrendsb) Health care services - Public sector,Rural,	8	Lecture cum discussion Visit to different	Short answer Objective type

	role of the nurse in these services	 Urban Privatesector Public Private Partnership(PPP) Otheragencies Indigenous systems of medicine Ayurvedha, yoga, unani, siddha and homeopathy (AYUSH) Voluntary healthservices National HealthProgrammes Nurse role in health careservices 	10	health care agencies	Essay type
III	Describe health planning in India	 Health planning in India a) National healthplanning b) Five year plans c) Health Committees and reports d) National healthpolicy 	10	Lecture cum discussion and reports	Short answer Essay type
IV	Describe the different specialized community healthservices and thenurse's role in these services	 Specialized community health services and nurse's role a) RCH (reproductive health and childcare) b) National Health Mission (rural/urban) c) Janani Sishu Suraksha Karaykaram(JSSK) d) Emergency ambulanceservices. e) Government health insuranceschemes f) School healthServices g) Occupational health nursing (including health careproviders) h) Geriatricnursing i) Care of differently abled- Physical and mental j) Rehabilitation nursing 	18	Lecture cum discussion Visit to different agenciesof specialized services, factory, Old age home, Homes for the differently abled	Short answer Objective type Essay type
V	Describe the major health problems in India	National health problemsHealth Problems in Indiaa) Communicablediseasesb) Non communicablediseasesc) Nutritionalproblemsd) Environmentalsanitatione) Population	5	Lecture cum discussion Quiz	Short answer Objective type
VI	Describe the national health and family welfare programs in India and the role of the nurse	 National Health programme: National ARIprogram Revised national tuberculosiscontrol program(RNTCP) National anti-malariaprogram National filarial controlprogram 	15	Lecture cum discussion Government of India program flyers.	Short answer Objective type

Unit	Learning objective	Contents	Hr	Teaching learning Activities	Assessment methods
		 National guinea wormeradication program National leprosy eradicationprogram National AIDS controlprogram STD controlprogram National program for control ofblindness lodine deficiency control program Expanded program ofimmunization National family welfareprogram National water supply and sanitation program National diabetes controlprogram National diabetes controlprogram Polio eradication : pulseprogram program,NPSP National nutritional anemiaprophylaxis program 20 pointprogram Mid –day mealprogram National mental healthprogram Role of nurse in the national health programme. 			
VII	Explain the meaning of demography and describe the national family welfare programmes	 Demography and family welfare a) Demography Concept Trends in the world and inIndia Concept of fertility andinfertility Small familynorm b) FamilyWelfare Concept, importance, aims & objectives Family planningmethods Family planningcounseling National family WelfareProgramme Role of a nurse in the family planning programme 	18	Lecture cum discussion Show and explain family planning devices Role play Demonstration	Short answer Objective type Essay type

Unit	Learning objective	Contents	Hr	Teaching learning Activities	Assessment methods
VIII	Describe the concept and functionsof healthteam and the role of nursing personnel at various levels.	Health Team:a) Concept- Composition- Functionsb) Role of Nursing personnel at variouslevels:- District Public Health NursingOfficer- Block healthNurse- Public HealthNurse- Lady Health Visitor/ healthsupervisor- Health worker female/ANM	7	Lecture cum discussion Interaction with health team members: Job description asper the Indian Public Health Standards (IPHS)	Short answer Objective type Essay type
IX	Explainthe conceptand uses of health information system	 Health Information System a) Concepts, components, uses ,sources. b) VitalStatistics: Important rates and indicators c) Vital health records and theiruses. d) Basic statisticalmethods e) Descriptivestatistics 	6	Lecturer cum discussion Exercises	Short answer Objective type Exercises
X	Describe the nationaland international health agencies	Health Agencies a) International: - WHO - UNFPA - UNDP - World bank - FAO - UNICEF - DANIDA - European commission(EU) - Redcross - USAID - UNESCO - ILO - CARE b) National: - Indian RedCross - Indian RedCross - Mian Council for child welfare - Family Planning association ofIndia - OtherNGOs	3	Lecture cum discussion Seminar	Short answer Objective type

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II- PRACTICAL

Placement: Third year-Part I

Time: Practical – 160hours

Area	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
Community Health Nursing II-	4 wks urban / rural	 Organize and conduct clinics Antenatal Postnatal Familywelfare. Under five. Diagnose health needs and provide domiciliary care for antenatal and postnatal mothers. Assess healthneeds of family; plan and carry out treatment for minor ailments; identify need for referral andrefer. Plan, conduct and follow up health education. Assist inconducting camps and participate. Maintain recordsand reports in PHC. Assist in family welfare services and conduct needbased health education. Participate inschool health programme. Counsel andeducate eligible couple, family and community. 	 Assisting in set-up and conduct of theclinics: Providing domiciliary care to the antenatal and postnatal cases using bag and / or Domiciliary ObstetricKit. Performing nursing care athome. Preparing and conducting Health Teachings on Reproductive and Child Health (RCH) Care Issues. Assisting in organizing Camps. Maintaining records and reports at PrimaryHealth Centre. Assisting in activities of FamilyWelfare. Participating in School HealthServices. 	 Health talk-2 Family Health Nursing care plan-2 Group project-1 Daily Dairy-1 Report on school health program 	 Internal examina- tion(1st& 2nd term) Pre Council examina-tion Assessment of performa- nce with rating scale Evaluationof Assignme-nts Field visit reports Dailydiary

Placement- Internship (ThirdYear Part-II)

Time- 288Hours

Area	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
Urban / rural	6 weeks	Provide comprehensive care to individual family and community	Comprehensive nursing care to the individual, family and community	Integrated practice and group project Health talk – 2 Nursing care plan – 2	Assessment of clinical performance with rating scale Evaluation of group project.

NURSING EDUCATION, INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH, PROFESSIONAL TRENDS & ADJUSTMENT & NURSING ADMINISTRATION & WARD MANAGEMENT

Placement: Internship (3rd yearsPartII)

Time:120HoursNursing Education-20hours Introduction to Research- 30hours Professional Trends and Adjustment-30hours Nursing Administration and Ward Management- 40hours

NURSING EDUCATION

Course Description:-

This course is designed to introduce the students to the concept of teaching as an integral part of nursing practice.

General Objective:-

Upon completion of this course, the students shall able to:

- 1. Explain the concept ofteaching
- 2. Describe techniques used forteaching.

Unit	Learning objectives	Contents	Hr	Teaching learning activities	Method of Assessment
Ι	Describe the	Introduction	2	Lecture cum	Short answers
	concept of education	 a) Education - Meaning, aims, scopeand purposes, 		discussion	Objective type
II	Explain the process of teaching and learning	 Teaching learning process a) Basicprinciples b) Characteristics of teaching andlearning c) Teaching responsibility of anurse d) Preparation of teachingplan 	4	Lecture cum discussion	Short answers Objectivetype Evaluationof teachingplan
III	Narrate the methods of teaching Describe the clinical teaching methods	 Methods of teaching a) Methods of teaching b) Clinical teachingmethods Casemethod Bed side clinic Nursingrounds Nursing conference (individual and group) Processrecording. 	14	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer Objective type Evaluation of planned as well as incidental health teaching

INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH

Course Description:-

This course is designed to develop fundamental abilities and attitude in the students towards scientific methods of investigation and utilization of research finding so as to improve practice of nursing.

General Objective:-

Upon completion of this course, the students shall able to:

- 1. Describe the use of research in the practice ofnursing
- 2. Describe the scientific methods of investigation used innursing.
- 3. Participate in research activities in the health caresettings.

_			_		Total Hours: 30
Unit	Learning Objectives	Contents	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Assessment Method
Ι	Discuss the importance of research in Nursing	 Introduction a) Definition b) Terminology related toresearch c) Need and importance of nursing research d) Characteristics of goodresearch 	3	Lecture cum discussion	Short answers Objective type
II	Describe the research process	Research processa) Purposes and objectivesb) Steps in research process	3	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer Essay type
III	Describe the various research approaches	 Research approaches and designs a) Types b) Methods c) Advantages anddisadvantages 	5	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer Essay type
IV	Describe the various data collection methods	 Data collection process a) Meaning b) Methods and instruments ofdata collection 	5	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer Essay type
V	List the steps involved in data analysis	 Analysis of data a) Compilation b) Tabulation c) Classification d) Summarization e) Presentation and interpretation of data using descriptive statistic 	6	Lecture cum discussion Reading the research articles	Short answer Essay type
VI	Describe the importance of statistics in research	 Introduction to statistics a) Definition b) Use of statistics c) Scales of measurement d) Frequency distribution e) Mean, median, mode and standard deviation. 	6	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer Essay type
VII	Describe the utilization of research in nursing practice	Utilization of research in nursing practice - Evidence based practice	2	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer Essay type

PROFESSIONAL TRENDS AND ADJUSTMENT

Course Description:-

This course is designed to help students develop an understanding of the career opportunities available for professional development.

General Objective:-

Upon completion of this course, the students shall able to:

- 1. Describe nursing as aprofession.
- 2. Identify various professional responsibilities of anurse.
- 3. Describe various professional organizations related tonursing.
- 4. Identify the need for in-service and continuing education innursing
- 5. Demonstration skills in application of knowledge of professional etiquettes in the practice of nursing in any health caresetting.

Total Hou	rs: 30	hours
-----------	--------	-------

S. No	Learning objectives	Contents	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
Ι	Describe nursing as a profession	 Nursing as a profession a) Definition of profession b) Criteria of a profession and nursing profession c) Evolution of Nursing Profession inIndia d) Educational preparation of a professional nurse e) Qualities/ Characteristics and role of a professional nurse 	4	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer Objective type Essay type
Π	Explain various aspects of Professional ethics	 Professional ethics a) Meaning and relationship of professional ethics and etiquettes b) Code of ethics for nurse byICN c) Standards for nursing practice (INC) d) Etiquettes for employment: locating posting, applying and accepting a position, resignation from aposition. 	6	Lecture cum discussion Assignment: Application for job acceptance & job resignation	Short answer Essay type
III	Discuss the importance of continuing education in personaland professional development	 Personal and professional development a) Continuingeducation Meaning andimportance Scope Identifyingopportunities 	10	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer Essay type
S. No	Learning objectives	Contents	Hr.	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
		 b) Career inNursing Opportunities available in Nursing in Hospital, Community teaching and other related specialorganization. 		Draw a career ladder in nursing in reference to international influence and	

		 c) In-service education Definition Value Need participation in committee procedures Nursing in thefuture 		financial aid.	
IV	Discuss the significance of legislation in Nursing	 Legislation in nursing a) Purpose and importance of laws in Nursing b) LegalTerms c) Common legal hazards inNursing d) Laws and regulations related to health care providers in India at differentlevels e) Service and institutionalrules f) Regulation of nursingeducation g) Registration andreciprocities 	5	Lecture cum discussion	Assignment
V	List the various organizations related to health and nursing profession and briefly describe their function	 Profession and related organizations a) Regulatory bodies: Indian Nursing Council, State NursingCouncil b) Professionalorganizations: Trained Nurses Association ofIndia, Students NursesAssociation, Nurses League of the Christian Medical Association ofIndia, International Council of Nurses(ICN), International Confederation of Midwivesetc. c) Related organization and their contribution to nursing: World Health Organization, Red cross and St. john's Ambulance, Colombo plan, UNICEF, World Banketc. 	5	Lecture cum discussion Observational visits to State Nursing Council and Local TNAI office	Report of visit to the council Short answers Essay type

NURSING ADMINISTRATION AND WARD MANAGEMENT

Course Description:-

This course is designed to help the student to understand the basic principles of administration and its application to the management of ward and health care unit.

General Objective:-

Upon completion of this course, the students shall able to:

- 1. Describe the meaning and principles of administration.
- 2. Apply the principles of administration in practice ofnursing
- 3. Plan the nursing service in the ward and community healthsettings.
- 4. Describe the importance of good administration in the day to day nursing service in varied health care setting.

Unit	Learning Objectives	Contents	Hr	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
Π	Describe the meaning , philosophy and principles of administration Describe the management process	Introduction a) Administration and management - Meaning Philosophy Elements andprinciples - Significance Management process a) Planning - Importance - Purpose - Types ofplanning b) Organization - Principles oforganization - Organization chart of hospital/ward/ PHC/ Sub center c) Staffing - Scheduling - Recruitment, selection, deployment, retaining, promotion, superannuation - Personnelmanagement - Jobdescription - Jobspecification - Staff development and staff welfare d) Directing e) Co-ordination and control - Qualitymanagement f) Budgeting g) Policies of hospital andvarious	4	Lecture cum discussion Lecture cum discussion Companion of organization charts	Short answers Objective type Essay type Short answers Essay type Objective type Written test Evaluation of the organization chart prepared by students.
	Learning	department of the hospital		Teaching	Assessment
Unit	Objectives	Contents	Hr	learning activities	methods
IV	Explain the administration of different health care units	Administration of hospital/department/ unit/ ward a) Health centre/ unit physicallayout b) Safety measures for prevention of	9	Lecture cum discussion Role play	Short answers Objective type Essay type

		 accidents and infections c) Legal responsibilities of anurse d) Leadershipstyles e) Problem solving : process and approach, steps and methods of dealing with complaints of patients and other health teammembers. f) Records and reports: meaning, types, importance. 		Group work on physical layout Reading notes	
V	Discuss the importance of maintaining supplies and equipment for effective administration	 Management of equipment supplies. a) Maintenance of supplies & equipment (preventivemaintenance) b) Handing over and taking over of inventory c) Indent and ordering of supplies and equipment d) Problem solving : process and approach, steps and methods of dealing with supplies andequipment. 	7	Lecture cum discussion Role play Group project on problem solving	Short answers Objective type Essay type Evaluation of the report on Group project
VI	Discuss the cost and financing of health services in India	 Cost and financing of health care a) Cost of healthcare b) Healthfinancing c) Nationalhealthplans(annualandfive year plans) and outlays, role of state and central government in allocation of funds d) Health insurance- types, issuesetc. 	5	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer Test